

# OpenRAN & Open Source: The Cool Kids of Telecom

(Shaking Up 5G NR/LTE Networks)

Jakub Duchniewicz – FOSDEM 2024, Brussels



# Agenda



- Introduction me and Tietoevry
- Radio Networks meet Open Source, history and now
- Radio Networks 101
- Why L1 cannot tolerate delays?
- Overview of projects
- Resources

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- Tinkering around with Zephyr, Rust, Game Engines and Linux on embedded devices
- Graduate of MSc in Embedded Systems at KTH Royal Institute of Technology and University of Turku
- In my free time doing a ton of sports: wind/kite/surf/skiing/climbing/unicycle back to surfing :) -> finishing ACLR rehab







#### **Open RAN** Integration

Service Orchestration E2 / Near RT RIC Management Plane Fronthaul Infrastructure Private 4G/5G



#### Service Automation & Orchestration

Orchestrators | Zero Touch Operations | Planning, Placement, Scaling | Al/ML Automation



**(2)** 

#### Radio Access Networks

**RAN Evolution** 

Baseband

Open RAN

virtual RAN

Private 4G/5G



#### **Core** Network **Applications**

Cloud-native evolution

Container environments

Efficient packet forwarding Tietoevry VNF/CNF products in signaling



### **Software Defined Infrastructure, Edge & Cloud Native**

SDN | NFV ready Cloud Native infrastructure platform development | Edge Cloud



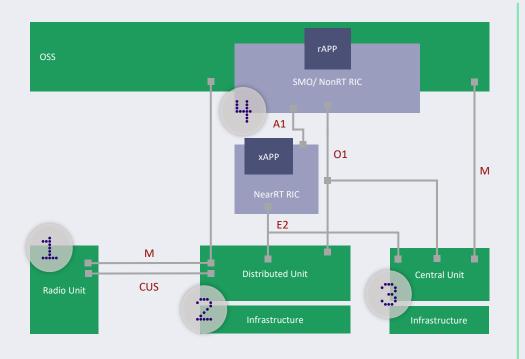
#### **DevSecOps**

Open source | Code factory | Tools | Automated testing | Microservice CI/CD

R&D services for Telecom & Networks

# Tietoevry OpenRAN Footprint







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#### RU

L1 low, M-plane, RF SOCs, BSP & FPGA



L1 High (several Architectures), L2 Commercial & Proprietary,



L3 development, packet processing

OAM generic experience

#### RIC

DU integration, E2 development & simulation, x/rApps integration and commercialization

#### **Cloud Infra**

Cloud Native Architecture & platforms development Commercial and Bare Metal platforms use for Telecom workloads

Applications cloudification and deployment

Public

# Open Source and Radio Networks - hot or not?

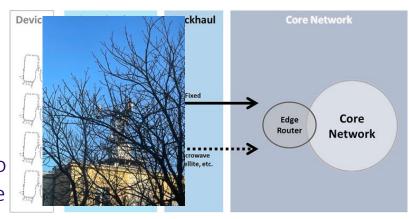


- No need to introduce Open Source here it's FOSDEM after all :)
- Open Source is already prevalent in so many domains of our life Linux/Android running your phone, train/tram, AI is (mostly) powered by OS tools, robotics, stock exchange - cryptocurrencies
- Others lag behind:
  - Medical
  - AI models (especially LLMs)
  - Telecom industry...

#### Radio Network 101

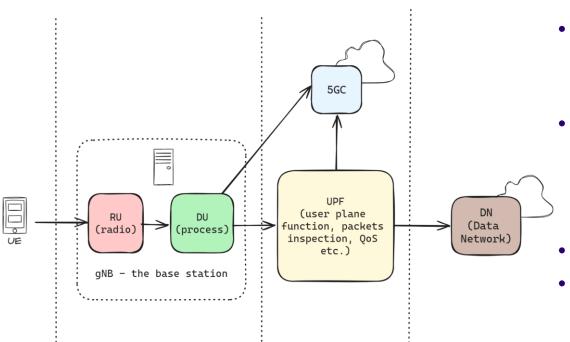


- 5G NR is the latest evolution of wireless telecommunications standard by 3GPP
- The path your memes travel is a long and a very complex one :)
- Every data fragment on the processing chain has to be processed VERY (<1ms) fast (or even faster if we need URLLC scenario)



#### Radio Network 101





• A simplified view of the 5G network architecture:

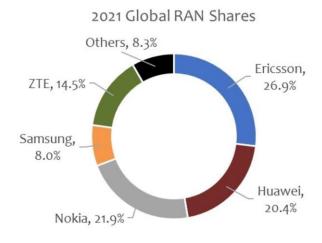
- - L1 (L2/L3) is in the gNB
  - RU does more "physical" calculations
  - DU does more general ones
- Higher layers in UPF
- Very complex in reality

# The problem? Oligopoly of the market - reinventing the wheel.



#### Few key players on the market, each of them producing:

- Own HW (usually ASICs)
- Proprietary algorithms
- Proprietary per-chip tooling
- Patents, patents, patents... yes ONAP, but it's not enough



Sorry, no newer data :(

#### Until...



Open Radio Access Network Alliance (ORAN) formed in early 2018 and decided to break the vendor lock-in stalemate.



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Open interfaces and cross-compatibility of RAN components.



We now have market for smaller players or non-telco companies.

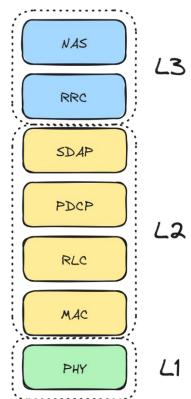


E.g: Intel FlexRAN - L1/L2/L3 implementation on commodity HW - x86 CPUs + some FPGAs/NICs for acceleration

### L1 in 5G NR

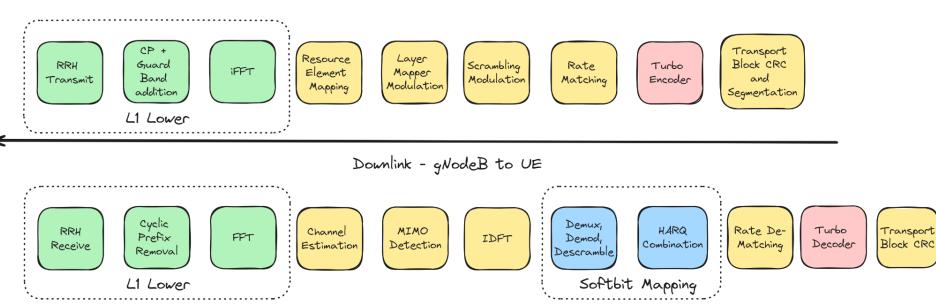


- L1 is the PHYSICAL layer but not the physical link, which in our case is radio waves!
- Think of it as the Ethernet layer modeling the physical bits on the wire modulating the waves to transmit data (\*although Ethernet is Layer 2)
- Key responsibilities?
  - making sense of the incoming radio waves (Low-PHY)
  - performing all pre-processing before the digitized signal is intelligible bitstream (decoding, synchronization)
  - very-precise time operations and working in various channel conditions
  - communication with higher layer (MAC)
- Of course, everything in reverse as well! Downlink and Uplink



# L1 PHY processing pipelines





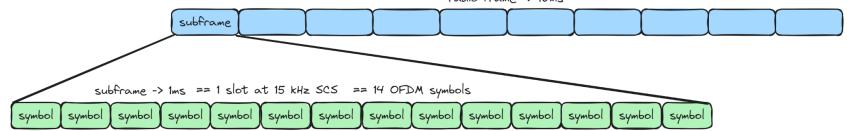
Uplink - UE to gNodeB

#\_r tietoevry Public

## Time to get real(-time)



- What are the usecases of real-time?
- Audio/Video delivery, online gaming, critical devices (drug injectors, remotely operated robots)
- What in our case is real-time? Usually, all processing **MUST** finish under 1ms or less e.g URLLC
- With specialized hardware with a very fast clock, we can meet them.
- However, how can a server-grade Linux do that? (Answer, RT-patched Linux and DPDK)



# Room for Open Source



- Just look at Linux Kernel or Zephyr RTOS –
   Open Source has very high standards and is very performant
- Open source is usually the core component on top of which a business is built
- L1 is the *foundation* of all processing in 5G/L1 increasing OS engagement will benefit all both users and vendors by doing it together we accelerate the scientific progress
- We **already** have a solid foundation of Open Source projects like **DPDK**, and Core Network cloud projects, like **ONAP** or **Sylva**



## Core Network projects



Sylva - A Cloud Software Framework and the reference implementation that
addresses the current needs of the ecosystem by using such components as
Nephio

https://gitlab.com/sylva-projects/sylva

• L3AF - Management of eBPF programs in Linux kernel. Community eBPF programs marketplace.

eBPF programs can be used in higher networking layers for packet filtering/QoS etc.

https://l3af.io/



## Lower layers projects



# NVIDIA Sionna: An Open-Source Library for 6G Physical-Layer Research

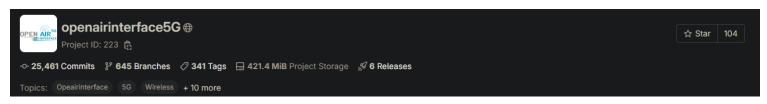
5G/6G LLS and research platform – <a href="https://github.com/NVlabs/sionna">https://github.com/NVlabs/sionna</a>



#### **NVIDIA Aerial SDK**

Build and Deploy GPU-Accelerated 5G Virtual Radio Access Networks (vRAN)

 FlexRAN – like (not really an Open Source as available under specific licensing T&Cs) - <a href="https://developer.nvidia.com/aerial-sdk">https://developer.nvidia.com/aerial-sdk</a>





Academy-heavy research framework that touches ALL aspects of 5G/6G/LTE including NTN and AI - <a href="https://gitlab.eurecom.fr/oai/openairinterface5g">https://gitlab.eurecom.fr/oai/openairinterface5g</a>

# Lower layers projects - continued







 FlexRAN SDK – like but on ARM – providing 5G processing functions on top of open ARM CMSIS libraries with intrinsics - <a href="https://gitlab.arm.com/networking/ral">https://gitlab.arm.com/networking/ral</a>





- X86 L1 acceleration, kernel network stack alternative the powerhorse behind RAN revolution on commodity hardware <a href="https://github.com/DPDK/dpdk">https://github.com/DPDK/dpdk</a>
- ORAN M-Plane foundation projects NETCONF/netopeer2/sysrepo/libyang all developed by CESNET
   Cesnet

#### Resources



- Great telco reference https://www.sharetechnote.com/html/5G/Handbook 5G Index.html
- DPDK guide <a href="https://doc.dpdk.org/">https://doc.dpdk.org/</a>
- Intro to FlexRAN <a href="https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/developer/topic-technology/edge-5g/tools/flexran.html">https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/developer/topic-technology/edge-5g/tools/flexran.html</a>
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# Thank you Questions?



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