How Replicant uses Guix?

Replicant has a lot of problems. Guix has a lot of solutions. Can they match?

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February 4, 2023

Introduction

Presentation structure:

- (Lot of) background information:
 - Why caring about smartphones?
 - Smartphone hardware and status
 - What is Replicant?
- Replicant and Guix:
 - Why we can't build Replicant with Guix (yet).
 - Running Guix on top of Replicant
 - Usage in automatic Testing
 - Small use in Replicant infrastructure.
- Production usage by other projects, licenses, credits, etc



Why caring about smartphones?

Why people have smartphones?

- Pressure to be reacheable at all times?
- Mobile computing?
- Mobile banking?
- Cheap computer?
- Add your ideas here.

Main issues with smartphones

- Making smartphones destroys people (bad work conditions) and the planet (manufacturing).
- The network knows the smartphone location.
- Runs nonfree software.
- Unclear if empowers people or not (depends users freedom, use cases, etc).
- Add your issues here.





Solution: Not use smartphones at all \rightarrow No need to fix the issue



Doesn't work?

- At least 2.7 billion people still using it, including people at risk like:[?]
 - Political activists
 - Journalists
 - etc
- Or indigenous people in Oxaca for their security



And yet:

- Making smartphones destroys people (bad work conditions) and the planet (manufacturing)
- The network knows the smartphone location
- Runs nonfree software

How to fix that?

- Destroy civilization, capitalism, etc? → Does that require smartphones that run free software in the first place?
- Destroy all factories? →
 Not my area of expertize.
 People also do depend on
 smartphones and that
 cannot work without big
 support from people.



Free software to advance in the right direction

ullet \to We need free software OS on smartphones too.



Other ways to help without programming:

Political pressure:

- Practical right to repair, devices that last longer → Easier to support with free software.
- Against DRM: Corelation between DRM and the unability for users to completely control their device (can't change the nonfree bootloader, TrustZone OS, etc).
- Practical right to install vour own OS.





Other ways to help without programming:

- Through organization:
 - Funding work (NInet, etc) and helping projects that do that in sustainable ways (Work to upstream support for devices).
 - Connecting with other struggles (anti-planned obsolescence, environmental movement, people that destroy factories if that exists, etc) to go in the right direction and getting stronger together instead of fighting each other.

Have clear demands and attainable goal: First steps

- 100% free sofware on the main CPU
- 100% free sofware distribution(s)
- Usable by people:
 - Easy to use if possible
 - Hardware easy to find
 - Hardware that can last and that is not too expensive
- Limits the damage:
 - Add some limits to the invasion of intimacy.
 - Hardware lasts longer.





How Replicant achieved that in the past?

- Lot of work by many people over many years.
- → Not shipping nonfree firmwares or any nonfree software.
- Collaborating with other distributions if possible.



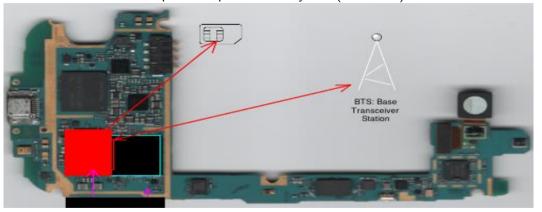
Why 100% free software distributions?

- How it works: Users choose hardware to run the (free) software they want instead
 of the opposite.
- The usual arguments: freedom, control, privacy, transparency, etc
 - control
 - Example: can't run GNU/Linux on a given phone because of nonfree drivers.
 - transparency:
 - https://ownyourbits.com/2019/02/02/whats-wrong-with-the-raspberry-pi
 - https://redmine.replicant.us/projects/replicant/wiki/SamsungGalaxyBackdoor
 - Know the status of free software
 - More (work on) free software: ath9k_htc, libsamsung-ipc, Galaxy SII audio library, linux-libre firmwares etc



Smartphone hardware and status

Example smartphone: Galaxy SIII (GT-I9300):



- System on a chip
- Smartphones and the (isolated) modem



Additional particularities:

- Very small display with very high DPI/PPI
- Big fingers (cannot click on small close window buttons)
- No hardware keyboard (cryptsetup, games)

Easily available smartphones today:

Smartphone	WiFi	Boot	Modem	Battery
Second	nonfree	nonfree,	Isolated,	Removable
hand GT- 19300/N7100	firmware	signed	free drivers	
Librem 5	firmware on	nonfree	can be iso-	Removable
	flash chip	DDR4	lated, free	
		firmware	drivers	
Pinephone	nonfree	free	can be iso-	Removable
	firmware		lated, free	
			drivers	
Exynos /	nonfree	nonfree,	shared	often non-
Qualcomm	firmware	signed	memory,	replaceable
SOC			free drivers	
			possible	



Hardware usability:

Smartphone	Networks	Power consump-	Reliability	Price
		tion		
Second	3G maximum	Good enough	Good	Very cheap
hand GT-			enough	
I9300/N7100				
Librem 5	Removable 4G mo-	Good enough?	OK?	Very expen-
	dem. VOLTE WIP			sive
Pinephone	4G modem,	Poor, can be ex-	WIP	Cheap
	VOLTE enabled?	tended with hard-		
	/ reliable?	ware keyboard		
Exynos /	Various	Good enough	OK?	Various
Qualcomm				
SOC				

What we have now: FSDG Distributions

	1	T = .	
Distribution	OS	Smartphones sup-	Shortcommings
		port	
Guix	GNU/Linux	Missing packages	/gnu size?, re-
			quires to know lisp
			(Fix WIP?)
Parabola	GNU/Linux	Missing packages	Installation, rolling
			release
PureOS	GNU/Linux	Supports the Li-	rolling release, 1
		brem5 well	device only?
Replicant 6	Android	Support 10 devices	Security issues,
			old, not sustain-
			able
Replicant 11	Android	Work in progress	Not ready
Trisquel 10	GNU/Linux	Missing packages Installation, Appli-	
			cations to adapt

What is Replicant?

Replicant:

- Fully free Android distribution approved by the FSF
- But the hardware it runs on is not...





Quick Facts

- Website: replicant.us
- Exists since September 2009
- Two main versions:
 - Replicant 6:
 - Android 6, last security update: October 2017 [?]
 - based on LineageOS
 - Supports ~ 10 devices (smartphones and tablets)
 - Replicant 11:
 - Android 11, still work in progress[?]
 - based on official Android source code
- \bullet Issue: ~ 1 contributor (sometimes more, sometimes less) and a community of users and contributors.















Best (and lot of) effort:

- Display working and graphics fast enough
- Sound working
- Be able to make calls
- etc
- GPS, Camera, and other non crucial hardware may not work, or work in later releases



Also:

- Freedom privacy security page
- Extensive documentation on the wiki, not always easy to find

Why it is based on Android?

Android

- GUI and applications adapted to big fingers
- → run on devices that:
 - Lack keyboard
 - Have capacitve touchscreen and no stylus
 - Have very small displays with very high number of pixel



Issues with Android?

- Part of the GNU/Linux architecture is light years away: package management and build system, graphics, audio, etc
- Huge unknown code from Google
- Meant to run proprietary software, not to empower users: root, application data access





F-Droid

Issues:

- F-Droid not FSDG compliant (example: Yalp Store) → Not reusable as-is.
- Dependency rot (Gradle).
- Requires nonfree Android SDK (Fdroid needs help to fix that)

• But:

- has a strict licensing policy: https://fdroid.org/en/docs/Inclusion_Policy/
- → Can guix help with dependency rot?





Android architecture and building Replicant

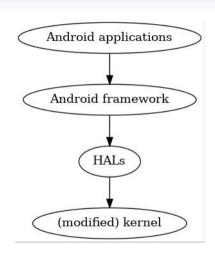
Android architecture

- Goals: time to market
 - Write the code that work as fast as possible
 - Support as many hardware features as possible including new hardware
 - → Varying kernel drivers code quality
 - → Example: One driver rewritten 3 times



How it's done?

- Breaking Kernel API and ABI
 - It can take time (years) to bring in a new framework in Linux
 - Example of API breakage: HTC dream audio driver
 - Solution: Apps \leftrightarrow Android framework \leftrightarrow HAL \leftrightarrow Kernel
 - Getting better in Android: Trebble and Generic Kernel images



Android: not made for 100% free software

- Malware often found (and removed) in App stores
- Applications are Sandboxed + permission system
- root discouraged or absent
- User access to their data extremely difficult

Most GNU/Linux distributions

- Users can easily run applications
- Users have root and access to their data
- Compiler obtimizations (-fsanitize)
- Secomp and privilege drop
- Sometimes, daemons are sandboxed



How Replicant makes a 100% free Android

Replicant 6.0

- Tweak the source code not to depend on nonfree software (like 3D acceleration)
- Write libraries that replace nonfree HAL libraries
- Avoid libraries we can't replace easily (Broadcom GPS)
- Find and remove nonfree software

Replicant 11

- Upstream what we can in Linux
- Write/adapt libraries for the upstream kernel for supported devices.
- Try to share and/or reuse code from GNU/Linux or other Android distributions using upstream kernels.
- Find and remove nonfree software

Running Guix on top of Replicant?

Replicant 6

- Replicant 6 use vendor kernels based on Linux 3.0:
 - Would require to use Linux 3.0 kenrel header and to rebuild everything
 - Quick try (changing libc headers and rebuilding Guix) didn't work

Replicant 11

- Recent kernel based on upstream Linux
- Guix pack works, no integration with Android at all
- Replicant doesn't want to ship Guix (too big) but ship guix-install.sh instead.
 - Can try to reuse information from https://lepiller.eu/en/guix-on-android.html
 - Work has started to modify Replicant 11 to support guix-install.sh:
 - Bash and wget implementation (wrapper over curl) now shipped in Replicant 11
 - Commands still missing: gpg (how to build it?), getent groupadd xz
 - Can ship /etc/protocols, /etc/services, create users and groups in Replicant, etc
 - Might need to send patches to install sh to support Replicant
 - At some point, might need root, selinux integration, etc



\$ guix pack -f apk PACKAGE ?

- Requires packaging Android NDK to be portable
- Bionic libc instead of glibc
- New target like x86_64-w64-mingw32 needed
 - Probably a lot of work
 - Could be used to fix dependency rot issues

Using Guix for Replicant builds?

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Guix and Replicant main differences

	Android + vendor	Android + up-	Guix	
	kernel	stream Linux		
Libc	Bionic	Bionic	glibc but self con-	
			tained	
Kernel	Vendor kernel	Upstream kernel	Upstream kernel	
Build	No packages	No packages	Packages	
sys-				
tem				

Android Build system

- No packages, one big build tree:
 - Requires specific GNU/Linux distribution versions to build
 - Unclear licenses
 - No abstraction of lower level build systems like autotools, cmake, etc
 - Only Android.mk and Android.bp available, not very flexible (no ./configure -with-options)
 - Prebuilt toolchain and sometimes even linux kernel

Building requirements

Replicant version	Distributions		arch	RAN	1 Space
Replicant 6.0	Debian 9 (stretch)		×86_64	8G	220GiB for 10 devices
Replicant 11	Debian 10 (buster), Trisquel 10	Trisquel 9,	×86_64	8G	250GiB for 2 devices

Use Guix to replace Android build system completely?

- Advantages:
 - Reproducible and bootstrapable builds
 - Works on any distribution (no need to install Trisquel)
 - Packages (better licensing)
 - Substitutes: faster builds
 - Can mix and match Android and GNU/Linux components
- Issues:
 - Guix not ready for that (Fragile Android ndk build system)
 - Cannot go back easily
 - If there is no maintenance: Replicant is dead
 - Android in Guix stuck to Android 7 due to dependency on Android.mk



Use Guix inside the Android build system

- Advantages:
 - Like previous slide
 - Can do it step by step
 - Can roll back to pure Android build system
- Issues:
 - Need to add support for generating Android.mk / Android.bp in Guix
 - How to deploy (guix pack uses gnu/*)
 - Need to be careful not to depend too much on it

As host distribution to build Replicant

- Advantages:
 - Reproducible builds
 - Works in all distros
- Looks doable for recent Android versions.
 - Guix shell has now an FHS option
 - Not that much dependencies due to prebuilt toolchain
 - Android build is isolated from host by default
 - path interposer
 - can use namespaces isolation



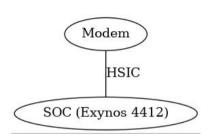
Current use of Guix for building Replicant

- Replicant uses repo-tool and repo-tool updates itself
- Replicant uses stable distributions that don't update python
- ullet \to We use guix pack to release a recent repo-tool that works on older distributions

Automatic Testing

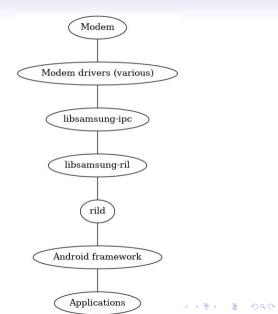
Telephony stack: Hardware

- The modem uses a custom protocol
- ullet o Needs software to talk to it
- The protocol was reverse engineered and reimplemented by various people



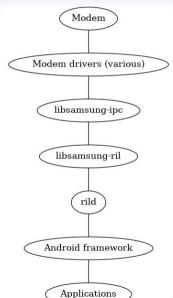
Telephony stack: Software

 libsamsung-ipc also works on GNU/Linux



Telephony stack: Software

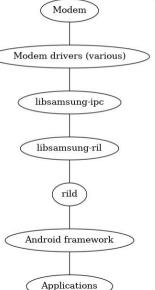
- Use of guix.scm for both libsamsung-ipc and libsamsung-ril:
 - Can compile for various configuration (Android, GNU/Linux) and run
 - Supports static compilation and cross compilation (without transformation)
 - Supports PowerPC (big endian)





The code

- "demo": scripts/guix.scm
 in
 https://git.replicant.us/replicant/hardv
 ipc
- "optional demo": scripts/guix.scm in https://git.replicant.us/replicant/hardvril





Replicant infrastructure and Guix.

Infrastructure:

- OSUOSL: Mailing list, Wordpress, website, Redmine, FTP
- La Quadrature du net: Mastodon account on mamot.fr
- 1 VM @ FSF: git, domain name, contact address, IRC bridge
- Slow move to Mediawiki on FSF VM

Guix?

- ullet OSUOSL: Mailing list, Wordpress, website, Redmine, FTP o Not possible
- ullet La Quadrature du net: Mastodon account on mamot.fr o Not possible
- 1 VM @ FSF: git, domain name, contact address, IRC bridge

Can we use Guix system in an VM @ FSF?

- FSF Requirement: Encrypted rootfs
 - Before: Required grub-crypt patches (In Ubuntu) + the FSF used custom script with debootstrap.
 - Now (19 July 2022): (some of the) grub-crypt patches upstreamed, encryption done outside of the VM → we can use guix system image.
 - Remaining issue: How to install Guix?
 - Convert Trisquel to Guix?
 - Provide a trusted image to the FSF?
 - Maintenance: automatic updates could work? (Rolling release but maintained config system)



- Guix advantages:
 - Anybody can contribute (everything in git)
 - Clean and standard solution (no custom made deploy scripts, etc)
 - · Can fork and re-deploy, system backups inside git
 - Question: Which license to use? GPLv3 or AGPLv3?
 - Use case: Enable copyleft forks: Redirect scripts part of Replicant
- Guix disadvantages:
 - Require people to know Guix too
 - More work to package missing things
 - More work to make it work out of the box (letsencrypt, other services to add)

VM Status:

- Use Trisquel with automatic updates
- Part of the configuration in git:
 - Mail setup
 - Apache configuration
 - The Apache configuration is a key component of Replicant source code as it contains redirects necessary to build and maintain several Replicant versions.
 - Matterbridge configuration
- Uses Guix pack + systemd + config in git for matterbridge

Production usage by other projects

- Lot of scientific use for reproducibility (source: guix conferences)
- Bitcoin: https://github.com/bitcoin/bitcoin/tree/master/contrib/guix
- Some software use guix.scm, many guile libraries/software, and Guix
- https://github.com/alphagov/govuk-guix (deprecated)
- (Part of?) Guix infrastructure
- https://gitlab.com/zimoun/website-guix-10years.git
- Probably many more but not much publicity around it.



Licenses

- Moblie phones electronic waste https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File: Day_6_Warehouse_(25890985098).jpg CC-BY-SA 2.0 Generic
- anti-smartphone https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File: Bia%C5%82a_Podlaska_~21ujcqtd.jpg CC-BY-SA 4.0 International
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- GT-I9300 internals: Same author and license as this presentation, probably also available on archive.org
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