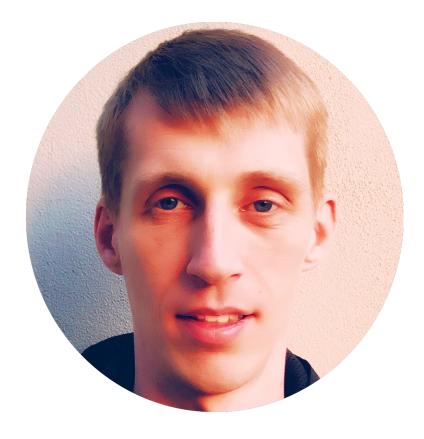


About me





Head of Open Source

- HERE Open Source Office (OSO) is a team of 7 people
- Supporting 9k+ employees in 56 countries on all things Open Source together with our legal counsels

Active contributor to:













How to automate?

Counsel: Found OSS with Apache-2.0, BSD-3-Clause, CC-BY-SA-3.0 and GPL-2.0 licenses.

Apache-2.0 and GPL-2.0 are incompatible with each other.

Please explain...

Engineer: Our code includes BSD-3-Clause and we depend on Apache-2.0 test library.

GPL-2.0 is build tools and CC-BY-SA-3.0 is docs from StackOverflow

Counsel: So what is distributed to our customers?

Engineer: An executable with only our code and BSD-3-Clause

Counsel: OK, but you must include a notices file in your release to comply with BSD-3-Clause license



OK /NOT OK = code context + legal context + product context

Source code, docs, example, test or build tools?

How is it included? Which scope? Linking?

Did we change the code?

What are the licenses and resulting obligations?

Patents? Freedom to operate?

Created by us or FOSS community?

What is released to customers? Artifact, service or website?

What does the contract say?



Excludes

(.ort.yml)



Curations

fix local findings (.ort.yml)



Policy Rules

(rules.kts + license-classifications.yml)



Curations

fix metadata/findings (curations.yml)



Policy Rules

(rules.kts)



Labels

ORT's CLI arguments

The code context (.ort.yml)

Included in the code repository to be scanned.

```
excludes:
  paths:
  - pattern: "*/src/{funTest,test}/**"
    reason: "TEST_OF"
    comment: "Licenses contained in this directory are used for testing and do not apply to the OSS Review Toolkit."
  scopes:
  - pattern: "test"
   reason: "TEST_DEPENDENCY_OF"
    comment: "Packages for testing only."
curations:
 license_findings:
  - path: "README.md"
    line count: 1
    detected_license: "GPL-1.0-or-later"
    concluded_license: "NONE"
    reason: "DOCUMENTATION OF"
    comment: "Findings reference a file with 'gpl' in its name."
```

Excludes - mark files, directories or package manager scopes as not included in released artifacts.

License finding curations - overwrite scan results to correct identified licenses.

The license context (license-classifications.yml)

Classify licenses in categories used in your policy (rules.kts). Used in all scans, part of ORT configuration files.

```
categories:
- name: "copyleft"
- name: "strong-copyleft"
- name: "copyleft-limited"
- name: "permissive"
 description: "Licenses with permissive obligations."
- name: "public-domain"
- name: "include-in-notice-file"
- name: "include-source-code-offer-in-notice-file"
categorizations:
- id: "CC0-1.0"
 categories:
  - "public-domain"
- id: "GPL-2.0-only WITH Classpath-exception-2.0"
 categories:
  - "copyleft-limited"
  - "include-in-notice-file"
  - "include-source-code-offer-in-notice-file"
```



Categories of licenses plus optional description



Assign license to a category

The license context (curations.yml file)

Patch package metadata. Used in all scans, part of ORT configuration files.

```
- id: "Maven:asm:asm" # No version means the curation will be applied to all versions of the package.
 curations:
   comment: "Repository moved to https://gitlab.ow2.org."
   vcs:
                                                                          Update source code repository
     type: "git"
     url: https://gitlab.ow2.org/asm/asm.git
- id: "NPM::ramda:[0.21.0,0.25.0]" # Ivy-style version matchers are supported.
 curations:
   comment: >-
     The package is licensed under MIT per `LICENSE` and `dist/ramda.js`. The project logo is CC-BY-NC-SA-3.0 but it is
     not part of the distributed .tar.gz package, see the `README.md` which says:
     "Ramda logo artwork © 2014 J. C. Phillipps. Licensed Creative Commons CC BY-NC-SA 3.0."
   concluded license: "MIT"
                                                                                          Define effective license
- id: "PyPI::pyramid workflow:1.0.0"
 curations:
   comment: "The package has an unmappable declared license entry."
   declared license mapping:
                                                                                      Map declared license to SPDX id
     "BSD-derived (http://www.repoze.org/LICENSE.txt)": "LicenseRef-scancode-repoze"
```

The product context (labels)

Pass any labels you want as command-line arguments when running ORT.

```
cli/build/install/ort/bin/ort analyze \
   --package-curations-file $ORT CONFIG DIR/curations.yml \
   --clearly-defined-curations
   -P ort.analyzer.allowDynamicVersions=true \
   -i $ANALYZER INPUT DIR \
   -o $ ANALYZER OUTPUT DIR \
   -f JSON \
   -l project="company-proprietary"
   -1 dist="external"
   -l org="engineering-usa-boston"
   -1 PROD ID="SK-M2020W/EU" \
   -1 REVIEW ID="1268" \
   -1 JIRA ID="SK-7891" \
   -1 SW NAME="Example Product Component AX" \
   -1 SW VERSION="1.06"
```



Use -1 to pass your set of labels to pass additional information that's useful to scan report readers or to use in your policy rules

Your custom policy (rules.kts file)

You can write rules using all data ORT captures including

- Package metadata
- Declared, detected and concluded licenses
- Labels
- Security vulnerabilities (coming soon)

Rules are written in Kotlin script and passed as a parameter to ORT's Evaluator component

```
cli/build/install/ort/bin/ort evaluate \
   -i $SCANNER_OUTPUT_DIR/scan-result.yml
   -o $EVALUATOR_OUTPUT_DIR \
   --output-formats YAML \
   --license-classifications-file $ORT_CONFIG_DIR/license-classifications.yml \
   --package-curations-file $ORT_CONFIG_DIR/curations.yml \
   --rules-file $ORT_CONFIG_DIR/curations.yml \
```

The rules.kts file - Import classifications

Import from license-classifications.yml

```
fun getLicenseCategory(categoryId: String) =
    licenseClassifications.getLicensesForCategory(categoryId).map { it.id }.toSet()

val permissiveLicenses = getLicenseCategory("permissive")

val copyleftLicenses = getLicenseCategory("copyleft")

val copyleftLimitedLicenses = getLicenseCategory("copyleft-limited")

val publicDomainLicenses = getLicenseCategory("public-domain")
```

The rules.kts file – Rule Types

- PackageRule
 - Executed once for each found package
- DependencyRule
 - Executed for each dependency
- LicenseRule
 - Executed within a PackageRule or DependencyRule for each license found in a user specified set of licenses (LicenseView*)

The rules.kts file - LicenseRule

Create LicenseRule for each license category so you can use them in your rules

```
fun PackageRule.LicenseRule.isCopyleft() =
    object : RuleMatcher {
        override val description = "isCopyleft($license)"
        override fun matches() = license in copyleftLicenses
fun PackageRule.LicenseRule.isCopyleftLimited() =
    object : RuleMatcher {
        override val description = "isCopyleftLimited($license)"
        override fun matches() = license in copyleftLimitedLicenses
```

Match "copyleft" category from license-classifications.yml

Match "copyleft-limited" category from license-classifications.yml

The rules.kts file - PackageRule

```
// Define a rule that is executed for each package.
packageRule("COPYLEFT IN SOURCE") {
        require {
            // Do not trigger this rule on packages that have been excluded in the .ort.yml.
            -isExcluded()
            +labelContains("project", "company-proprietary")
       // Define a rule that is executed for each license of the package.
        licenseRule("COPYLEFT IN SOURCE", LicenseView.CONCLUDED OR DECLARED AND DETECTED) {
            require {
                -isExcluded()
                +isCopyleft()
        // Throw an error message including guidance how to fix the issue.
         error(
             "The $license was ${licenseSource.name.toLowerCase()} in package ${pkg.id.toCoordinates()}.",
             "A text written in MarkDown to help users resolve policy violations which may link to additional resources."
```

The rules.kts file - DependencyRule

```
// Define a rule that is executed for each dependency of a project.
dependencyRule("COPYLEFT LIMITED STATIC LINK IN DIRECT DEPENDENCY") {
        require {
            +isAtTreeLevel(1)
            +isStaticallyLinked()
        licenseRule("LINKED_WEAK_COPYLEFT", LicenseView.CONCLUDED_OR_DECLARED_OR_DETECTED) {
            require {
                +isCopyleftLimited()
            // Use issue() instead of error() if you want to set the severity.
            issue(
                Severity.WARNING,
                "The project ${project.id.toCoordinates()} has a statically linked direct dependency licensed under the $license.",
                 "A text written in MarkDown to help users resolve policy violations which may link to additional resources."
```

The rules.kts file – Built-in Rule Operators

Rule:

- hasLabel(string) check if label with provided string exists
- labelContains(string1, string2) check if label provided string1 exists with value string2

PackageRule:

- hasLicense check if package has any concluded, declared or detect license
- isExcluded check if package has been excluded via .ort.yml
- isFromOrg(string[]) check if package id matches in provided string array
- isMetaDataOnly check if package only contain metadata
- isSpdxLicense check if license is an official SPDX identifier
- isType(string) check if package type matches provided string

DependencyRule:

- isAtTreeLevel(int) check if dependency is in dependency tree at provided integer level
- isProjectFromOrg(string[]) check if project id matches in provided string array
- isStaticallyLinked(string) check if dependency is statically linked to its parent

Thank you Merci Dank je wel

Thomas Steenbergen



@tsteenbe



linkedin.com/in/tsteenbe

OSS Review Toolkit

https://github.com/oss-review-toolkit/ort
Starting and Scaling an Open Source Office
ORT Slack

Related OSS Projects

https://oss-compliance-tooling.org

https://clearlydefined.io

https://spdx.org

https://www.openchainproject.org

https://www.doubleopen.org

https://www.eclipse.org/sw360