



**FOSDEM**  
2021

# Pocket SIP Tools



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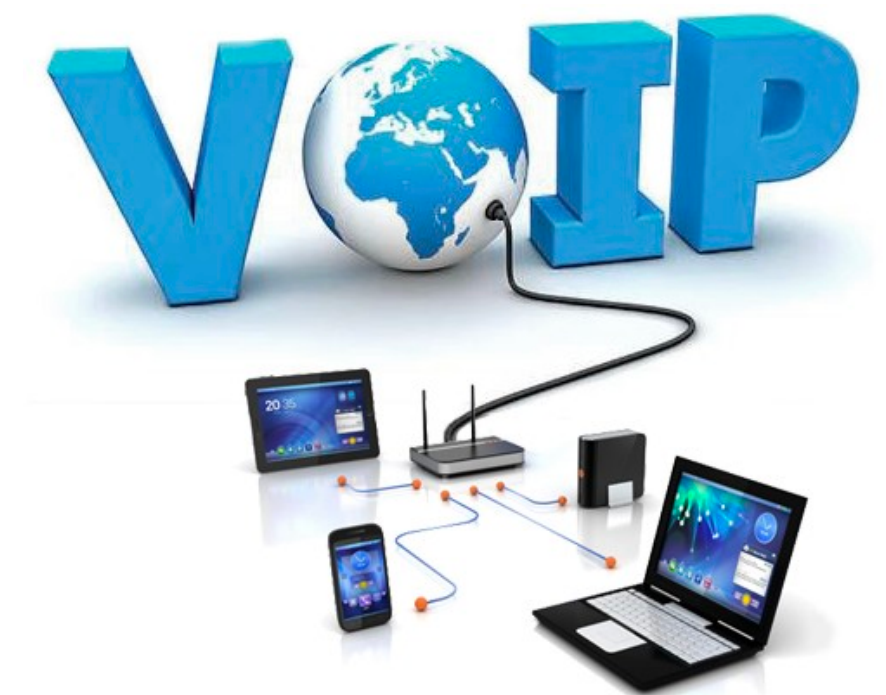
## WHO AM I?

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- ▶ Originally from Romania, living in Berlin, Germany
- ▶ Computer science software engineer
- ▶ Involved in open source real time communications since 2002
- ▶ Shifted from a researcher position to professional consultancy for SIP, Kamailio and all RTC
- ▶ Developing and living only from open source software and services for more than 15 years
- ▶ C programmer - mainly VoIP server side infrastructure
- ▶ Co-founder and lead developer of Kamailio - [www.kamailio.org](http://www.kamailio.org)
- ▶ Involved in a bunch of other open source projects
- ▶ Co-organizer of Kamailio World Conference
- ▶ Speaking and promoting OSS RTC at world wide events
- ▶ Enjoying sports and nature, both sea side and mountains
- ▶ Working at Asipto - [www.asipto.com](http://www.asipto.com)



@MICONDA

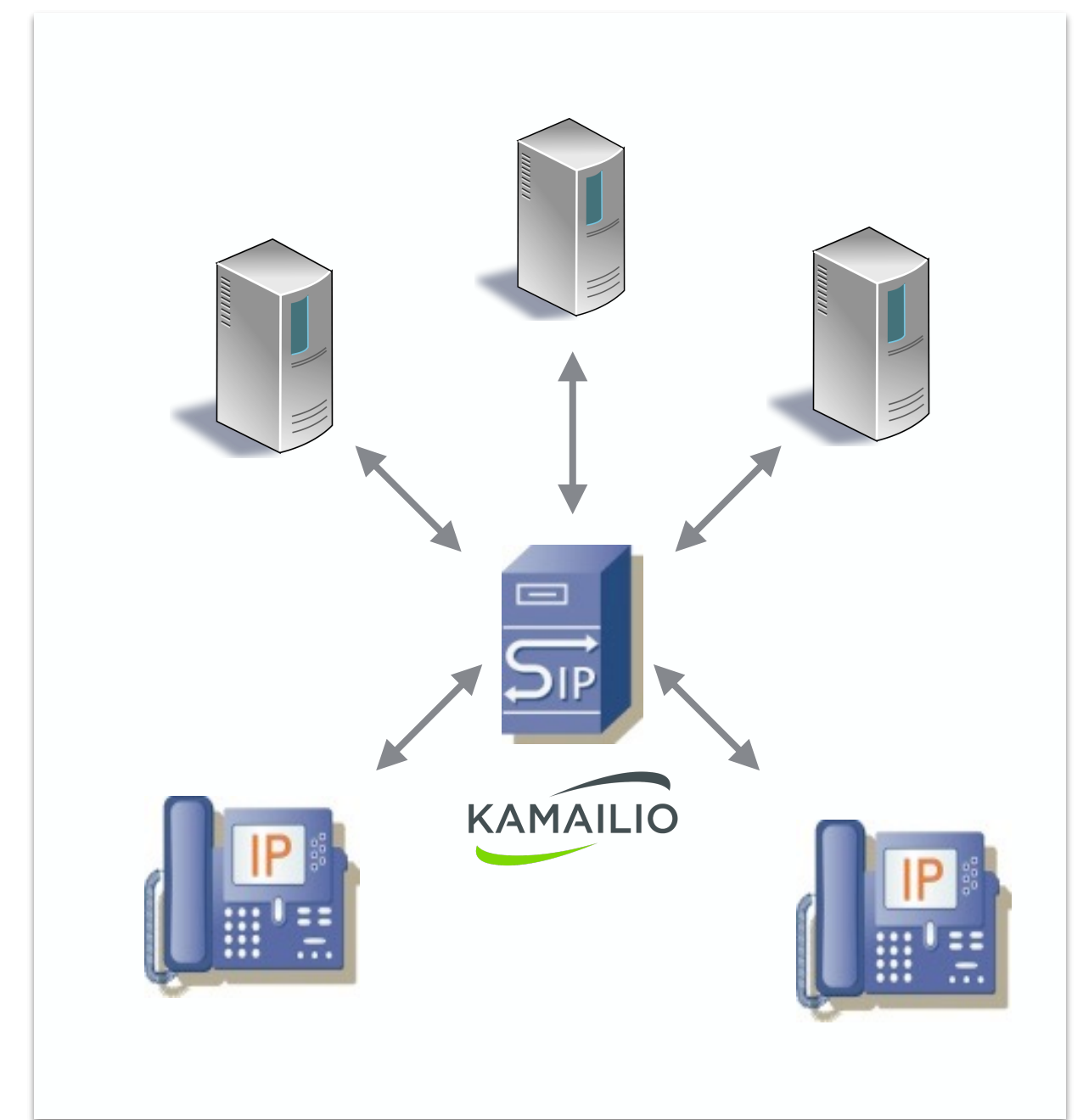


# KAMAILIO SIP SERVER IN ONE SLIDE

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- \* Open Source SIP (IETF RFC3261) Signaling Server implementation, developed since 2001
- \* Can be used for VoIP (Voice, Video, VoLTE/IMS, SIP-I/SIP-T), Instant Messaging, Presence, WebRTC, IoT, Diameter, SQL and NoSQL backends, load balancing, least cost routing, security, ...
- \* Designed for modularity, flexibility and scalability
  - \* used by large telecoms, mobile operators and OTT services world wide
  - \* thousands of call setups per second,
  - \* hundred thousands of connected phones per instance
- \* IPv6/IPv4 - UDP/TCP/TLS/SCTP/WebSocket - asynchronous routing
- \* Classic SIP - WebRTC gateway using Kamailio + RTPEngine
- \* Embedded interpreters: Lua, Python, JavaScript, Ruby, Squirrel, Perl, .Net, Java
- \* Over 250 modules (extensions) - <https://www.kamailio.org/docs/modules/stable/>
- \* Over 80 active developers each year
- \* Runs its own conference - Kamailio World
  - \* in Berlin, Germany: <https://www.kamailioworld.com>





## **New In Kamailio**

2020 - 2021



## V5.4.0 - NEW MODULES

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- \* Major release v5.4.x - out in July 2020
  - \* **dlgs** - track dialogs in stateless mode and provide corresponding statistics
  - \* **kafka** - connector to Kafka server
  - \* **pv\_headers** - flexible SIP header management with variables, simplifying configuration file
  - \* **secsipid** - implementation of STIR and SHAKEN IETF extensions, see RFC 8224 and RFC 8588 for details
  - \* **systemdops** - facilitate integration with systemd

<https://www.kamailio.org/w/kamailio-v5-4-0-release-notes/>



## V5.4.0 - NEW FEATURES

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- \* support for custom log engine - print log messages in structured JSON format
- \* options to load modules and set module parameters via command line
- \* ability to associate names to listen socket and use for routing rules
- \* keepalive done by usrloc to all registered contacts, with round trip measurement
- \* many new classes of variables - \$xavu(...), \$xavi(...), ...
- \* ability to insert DNS records in cache at startup
- \* functions to encode/decode Contact address, to hide it behind server address
- \* added in-memory-only mode for presentity records
- \* tls enhancements: new variables, fine control on checking the peer certificate
- \* more control for siptrace auto-mirroring to sip uri, homer or to database
- \* event route execution on sipdump processing
- \* extensions to IMS/VoLTE extensions (ipsec, ...)



<https://www.kamailio.org/w/kamailio-v5-4-0-release-notes/>



## V5.5.0 - NEW IN DEVELOPMENT BRANCH

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- \* To be released in 2021 - new additions in the last 2 months
  - \* sworker - new module for special tasks management
  - \* event\_route[core:pre-routing]
  - \* option to store sip traffic in pcap files via sipdump
    - \* done also for TLS, but showing up as UDP for simplicity, with extra header metadata
  - \* event route to allow deciding what packets are mirrored by siptrace
    - \* rules based on IP addresses or headers content
  - \* support for histogram metrics for xhttp\_prom (prometheus)
  - \* option to preserve contact user for topology stripping (topos)
  - \* rework of sip parser to use static map for standard headers
  - \* accounting records with local generated tags
  - \* new preprocessor directive \$!defenv ID=ENVVAR
  - \* command line parameter --cfg-print to print config file after preprocessor directives evaluation
  - \* explode a string to XAVPs by delimiter
  - \* new transformations and variables



SIP Tools

**Generate Traffic**



# SIPP



- \* the reference open source SIP performance testing
  - \* <https://github.com/SIPp/sipp>
  - \* packaged as sip-tester on Debian
  - \* generate and match SIP traffic based on XML scenarios
    - \* <https://github.com/saghul/sipp-scenarios>
    - \* <https://github.com/pbertera/SIPp-by-example>
- \* SIP UAC behaviour
- \* SIP UAS behaviour
  - \* SIPP (UAC) <=> SIP Proxy <=> SIPP (UAS)
- \* can manage RTP traffic as well
- \* See also
  - \* [https://github.com/mojolingo/sippy\\_cup](https://github.com/mojolingo/sippy_cup)
  - \* generate SIPP scenarios

```
Usage:
    sipp remote_host[:remote_port] [options]

Example:

    Run SIPp with embedded server (uas) scenario:
    ./sipp -sn uas
    On the same host, run SIPp with embedded client (uac) scenario:
    ./sipp -sn uac 127.0.0.1

    Available options:

*** Scenario file options:

    -sd                : Dumps a default scenario (embedded in the SIPp executable)
```

```
----- Scenario Screen ----- [1-4]: Change Screen -
Call-rate(length)  Port  Total-time  Total-calls  Remote-host
      10 cps(0 ms)  5061      4.01 s         40  127.0.0.1:5060(UDP)

10 new calls during 1.000 s period      16 ms scheduler resolution
0 concurrent calls (limit 30)           Peak was 1 calls, after 0 s
0 out-of-call msg (discarded)
1 open sockets

      Messages  Retrans  Timeout  Unexpected-Msg
INVITE ----->      40      0      0
    100 <-----      0      0
    180 <-----      40      0
    200 <----- E-RTD  40      0
    ACK ----->      40      0
      [    0 ms]
    BYE ----->      40      0      0
    200 <-----      40      0

----- [+-|*|/]: Adjust rate ---- [q]: Soft exit ---- [p]: Pause traffic -----
```

# SIPSAK

---

- \* generate common SIP requests and scenarios from command line

- \* <https://github.com/nils-ohlmeier/sipsak>

- \* packaged on most of the Linux distros

- \* send SIP OPTIONS ping requests

- \* do user registration with authentication

- \* simulate call to itself after registration

- \* flooding or random users for stress testing

- \* many options to set source or target numbers

- \* send instant messaging

```
dublin@ireland:~$ sipsak -vv -s sip:88.99.225.41

message received:
SIP/2.0 200 Ok
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 127.0.1.1:36295;branch=z9hG4bK.20d307d6;rport=47816
From: sip:sipsak@127.0.1.1:36295;tag=7c62e8be
To: sip:88.99.225.41;tag=508f520dfec7f66581e4edcefa359fe.7f5b561b
Call-ID: 2086856894@127.0.1.1
CSeq: 1 OPTIONS
P-Reason: keepalive
Server: kamailio (5.5.0-dev3 (x86_64/linux))
Content-Length: 0

** reply received after 22.646 ms **
SIP/2.0 200 Ok
final received
```

```
sipsak 0.9.7pre by Nils Ohlmeier
Copyright (C) 2002-2004 FhG Fokus
Copyright (C) 2004-2005 Nils Ohlmeier
report bugs to nils@sipsak.org

shoot : sipsak [-f FILE] [-L] -s SIPURI
trace : sipsak -T -s SIPURI
usrloc : sipsak -U [-I|M] [-b NUMBER] [-e NUMBER] [-x NUMBER] [-z NUMBER] -s SIPURI
usrloc : sipsak -I|M [-b NUMBER] [-e NUMBER] -s SIPURI
usrloc : sipsak -U [-C SIPURI] [-x NUMBER] -s SIPURI
message: sipsak -M [-B STRING] [-O STRING] [-c SIPURI] -s SIPURI
flood : sipsak -F [-e NUMBER] -s SIPURI
random : sipsak -R [-t NUMBER] -s SIPURI

additional parameter in every mode:
  [-a PASSWORD] [-d] [-i] [-H HOSTNAME] [-l PORT] [-m NUMBER] [-n] [-N]
  [-r PORT] [-v] [-V] [-w]

-h                displays this help message
```



# SIPVICIOUS - AKA FRIENDLY-SCANNER

---

- \* a set of security tools that can be used to audit SIP based VoIP systems
- \* <https://github.com/EnableSecurity/sipvicious>
- \* svmap - SIP scanner
- \* svwar - identifies working extension lines on a PBX
- \* svcrack - password cracker making use of digest authentication
- \* svreport - manage sessions and write reports
- \* svcrash - kill old versions of svwar and svcrack



```
mirko@mirko-VirtualBox/pentest/voip/sipvicious$ ./svmap.py 192.168.101.* -m INVITE
| SIP Device          | User Agent          | Fingerprint          |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 192.168.101.105:5060 | Asterisk PBX 1.6.2.24 | Asterisk / Linksys/PAP2T-3.1.15(LS) / Asterisk PBX |
| 192.168.101.105:37268 | Z 3.2.21357 r21103 | 3CXPhoneSystem / AVM FRITZ!Box Fon WLAN 7170 29.04.22 (Sep |
|                        |                      | 6 2006) / T-Com Speedport W500V / Firmware v1.37 |
|                        |                      | MxSF/v3.2.6.26 |
| 192.168.101.190:5060 | X-Lite release 4.5.5 stamp 71236 | AVM or Speedport |
| 192.168.101.108:47723 | Z 3.2.21357 r21103 | 3CXPhoneSystem / AVM FRITZ!Box Fon WLAN 7170 29.04.22 (Sep |
|                        |                      | 6 2006) / T-Com Speedport W500V / Firmware v1.37 |
|                        |                      | MxSF/v3.2.6.26 |
```

# SIPPTS

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- \* another set of tools to audit VoIP servers and devices using SIP protocol
- \* <https://github.com/Pepelux/sippts>
- \* among the tools
- \* *Sipscan* - a fast scanner for SIP services
- \* *Sipexten* - identifies extensions on a SIP server.
- \* *Sipcracker* - a remote password cracker.
- \* *Sipinvite* - checks if a server allow us to make calls without authentication



```
pepelux@debian:~/sippts$ perl sipscan.pl -h pepelux -ua test -cd mydomain -proto tls
IP address      Port    Proto  User-Agent
=====
185.XXX.YYY.210 5061    tls    Kamailio Proxy

pepelux@debian:~/sippts$ perl sipscan.pl -h pepelux -ua test -cd mydomain -proto all
IP address      Port    Proto  User-Agent
=====
185.XXX.YYY.210 5060    tcp    Kamailio Proxy
185.XXX.YYY.210 5060    udp    Kamailio Proxy
185.XXX.YYY.210 5061    tls    Kamailio Proxy
```



# KALI LINUX

---

- \* Kali Linux is a Debian-derived Linux distribution
  - \* designed for digital forensics and penetration testing
  - \* many tools related to SIP and VoIP
  - \* <https://tools.kali.org/tools-listing>



# SIPPING

---

- \* SIPPING is a simple SIP packet forging tool written in pure Python
- \* <https://github.com/pbertera/SIPPING>
- \* can create SIP Requests based on simple text templates
- \* variables defined in command line that will be substituted in template

```
OPTIONS sip:%(user)s@%(destination)s:%(port)s;line=kutixubf SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.10.1:5060;branch=z9hG4bK001b84f6;rport
Max-Forwards: 70
From: "fake" <sip:fake@192.168.10.1>;tag=as2e95fad1
To: <sip:%(user)s@%(destination)s:%(port)s;line=kutixubf>
Contact: <sip:fake@192.168.10.1:5061>
Call-ID: 7066d2f12e6f22ec1dc1231f4cade6be@172.16.18.40:5060
User-Agent: SIPPING
Date: Wed, 24 Apr 2013 20:35:23 GMT
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, OPTIONS, BYE, REFER, SUBSCRIBE, NOTIFY, INFO, PUBLISH
Supported: replaces, timer
```

```
sipping.py -r test-template.txt -d 172.16.18.35 -p 5060 -S 172.16.18.90 -P 5061 -c 3 -vuser:120 -v destination:192.168.20.1 -v port:5060
```

# WSCTL

---

- \* cli tool written in Go to connect to SIP servers via websocket
- \* <https://github.com/miconda/wsctl>
- \* can create SIP Requests based on templates
- \* variables defined in JSON files or via command line parameters
- \* support for digest authentication
- \* Internal variable substitution

```
go run wsctl.go \
  --url='wss://myserver.com:8443/ws' \
  --template=examples/options-aa-tpl.sip \
  --fields=examples/options-aa-fld.json \
  --auser='test' --apasswd='secret'
```

```
OPTIONS sip:{{.callee}}@{{.domain}} SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/WSS df7jal23ls0d.invalid;branch=z9hG4bKasudf-3696-24845-1
From: "{{.caller}}" <sip:{{.caller}}@{{.domain}}>;tag={{.fromtag}}
To: "{{.callee}}" <sip:{{.callee}}@{{.domain}}>
Call-ID: {{.callid}}
CSeq: {{.cseqnum}} OPTIONS
Subject: testing
Content-Length: 0
```

```
{
    "caller": "alice",
    "callee": "bob",
    "domain": "localhost",
    "fromtag": "$uuid",
    "callid": "$uuid",
    "cseqnum": "$randseq"
}
```



## VOIP\_PATROL - VOIP\_PERF

---

- \* voip\_patrol

- \* [https://github.com/jchavanton/voip\\_patrol](https://github.com/jchavanton/voip_patrol)
- \* VoIP signaling and media test automation
- \* Follows a scenario in XML format and will output results in JSON



- \* voip\_perf

- \* [https://github.com/jchavanton/voip\\_perf](https://github.com/jchavanton/voip_perf)
- \* a SIP signalling performance testing application that can provide a server and a client

 **VoIP Perf**

## OSIP - EXOSIP - SIP\_MONITOR

---

- \* sip\_monitor
  - \* <https://git.savannah.nongnu.org/git/exosip.git>
  - \* part of libexosip, built on top of libosip
  - \* small cli tool mainly useful for doing registrations over TLS

```
sip_monitor -r sip:openrcs.com -u sip:alice@openrcs.com -U alice -P SECRET -t TLS -s --outbound "<sip:sip.openrcs.com;lr>"
```

## CLI SIP PHONES

---

- \* baresip

- \* <https://github.com/baresip/baresip>

- \* a portable and modular SIP User-Agent with audio and video support



- \* pjsua

- \* <https://www.pjsip.org/pjsua.htm>

- \* an open source command line SIP user agent using PJSIP stack



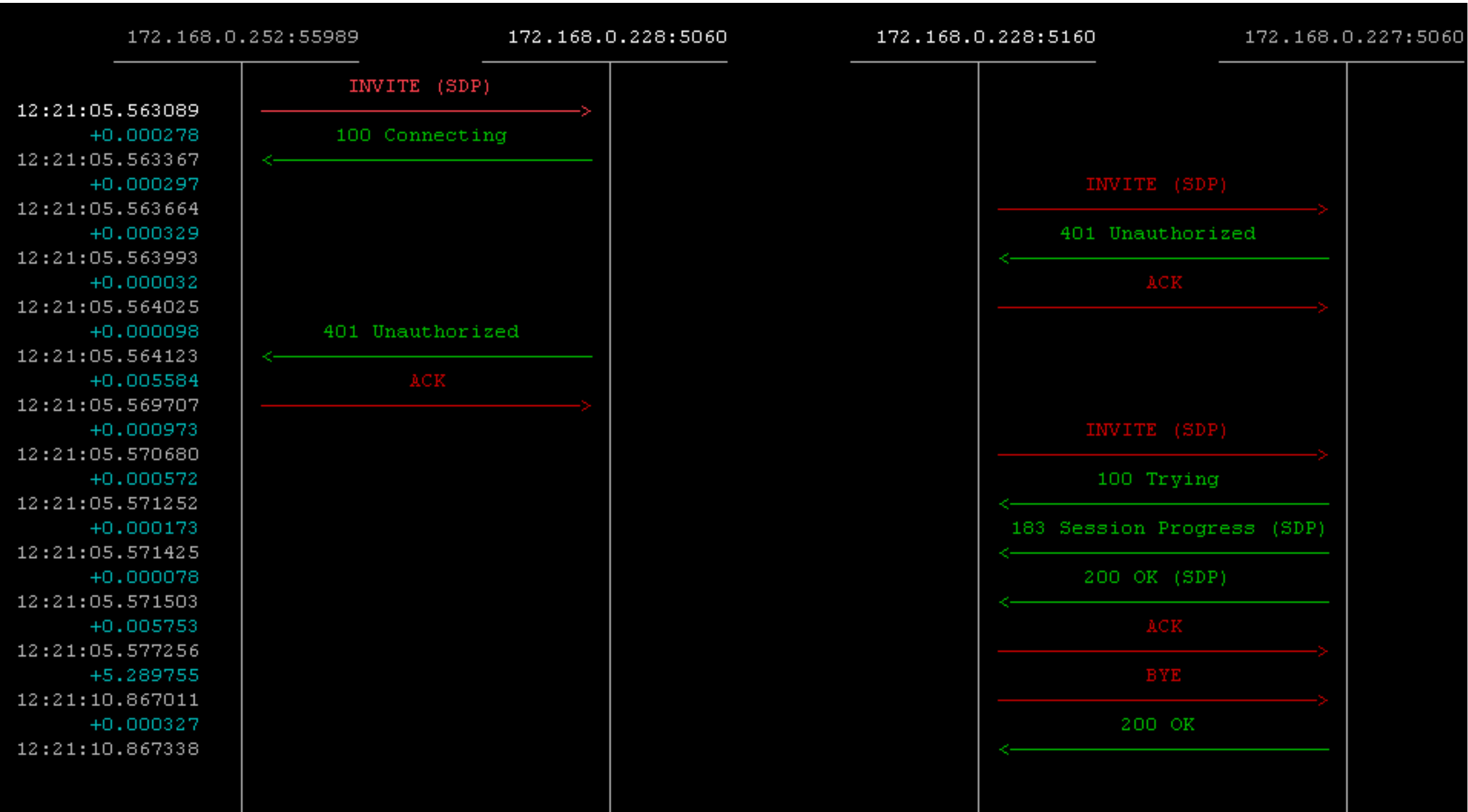
**SIP Tools**

**Analyze Traffic**



# SNGREP

- \* sngrep is a tool for displaying SIP calls message flows from terminal
- \* live capture to display realtime SIP packets or PCAP viewer
- \* <https://github.com/irontec/sngrep>





# NGREP

---

- \* like GNU grep applied to the network layer
- \* live capture to display realtime SIP packets, also a PCAP viewer
- \* <https://github.com/jpr5/ngrep>

```
[trixbox1.localdomain ~]# sudo ngrep -W byline -d eth0 port 5060
interface: eth0 (172.16.0.0/255.255.0.0)
filter: (ip) and ( port 5060 )
#
U 172.16.215.188:54328 -> 172.16.215.130:5060
OPTIONS sip:@172.16.215.130 SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 172.16.215.188:32128;branch=z9hG4bK-0914863275;rport
From: <sip:@172.16.215.188>;tag=149765
To: <sip:@172.16.215.130>
Call-ID: tr8fyujlxbn45kz9mpoidgww3ac65952
CSeq: 1 OPTIONS
Contact: <sip:@172.16.215.188:32128>
Accept: application/sdp
Max-Forwards: 70
Content-Length: 0

#
U 172.16.215.130:5060 -> 172.16.215.188:54328
SIP/2.0 200 OK.
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 172.16.215.188:32128;branch=z9hG4bK-0914863275;received=172.16.215.188;rport=54328.
From: <sip:@172.16.215.188>;tag=149765.
To: <sip:@172.16.215.130>;tag=as4168a533.
Call-ID: tr8fyujlxbn45kz9mpoidgww3ac65952.
CSeq: 1 OPTIONS.
User-Agent: Asterisk PBX 1.6.0.26-FONCORE-r78.
Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, OPTIONS, BYE, REFER, SUBSCRIBE, NOTIFY, INFO.
Supported: replaces, timer.
Contact: <sip:172.16.215.130>.
Accept: application/sdp.
Content-Length: 0.
```



# SIPGREP

---

- ✱ similar to grep targeting SIP packets that highlights important message attributes
- ✱ <https://github.com/sipcapture/sipgrep>

```
root@voip ~ # sipgrep
interface: eth0 (158.193.152.0/255.255.255.128)
filter: (ip or ip6) and ( portrange 5060-5061) or (udp and ip[6:2] & 0x3fff != 0)

U 2019/10/24 14:54:19.710052 158.193.139.84:5060 -> 158.193.139.84:5060

REGISTER sip:158.193.152.10 SIP/2.0.
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 158.193.139.84:5060;branch=z9hG4bK34ab4961.
From: <sip:312@158.193.139.84>;tag=000d28e80caebfe94ed6a6ce-7fad4c46.
To: <sip:312@158.193.139.84>.
Call-ID: 000d28e8-0cae0005-1867171c-61346c35@158.193.139.84.
Max-Forwards: 70.
Date: Thu, 24 Oct 2019 12:54:20 GMT.
CSeq: 87742 REGISTER.
User-Agent: Cisco-CP7960G/8.0.
Contact: <sip:312@158.193.139.84:5060;user=phone;transport=udp>;+sip.instance="urn:uuid:00000000-0000-0000-0000-000d28e80cae";+u.sip!model.ccm.cisco.com="7".
Content-Length: 0.
Expires: 120.
.

U 2019/10/24 14:54:19.710798 158.193.139.84:5060 -> 158.193.139.84:5060

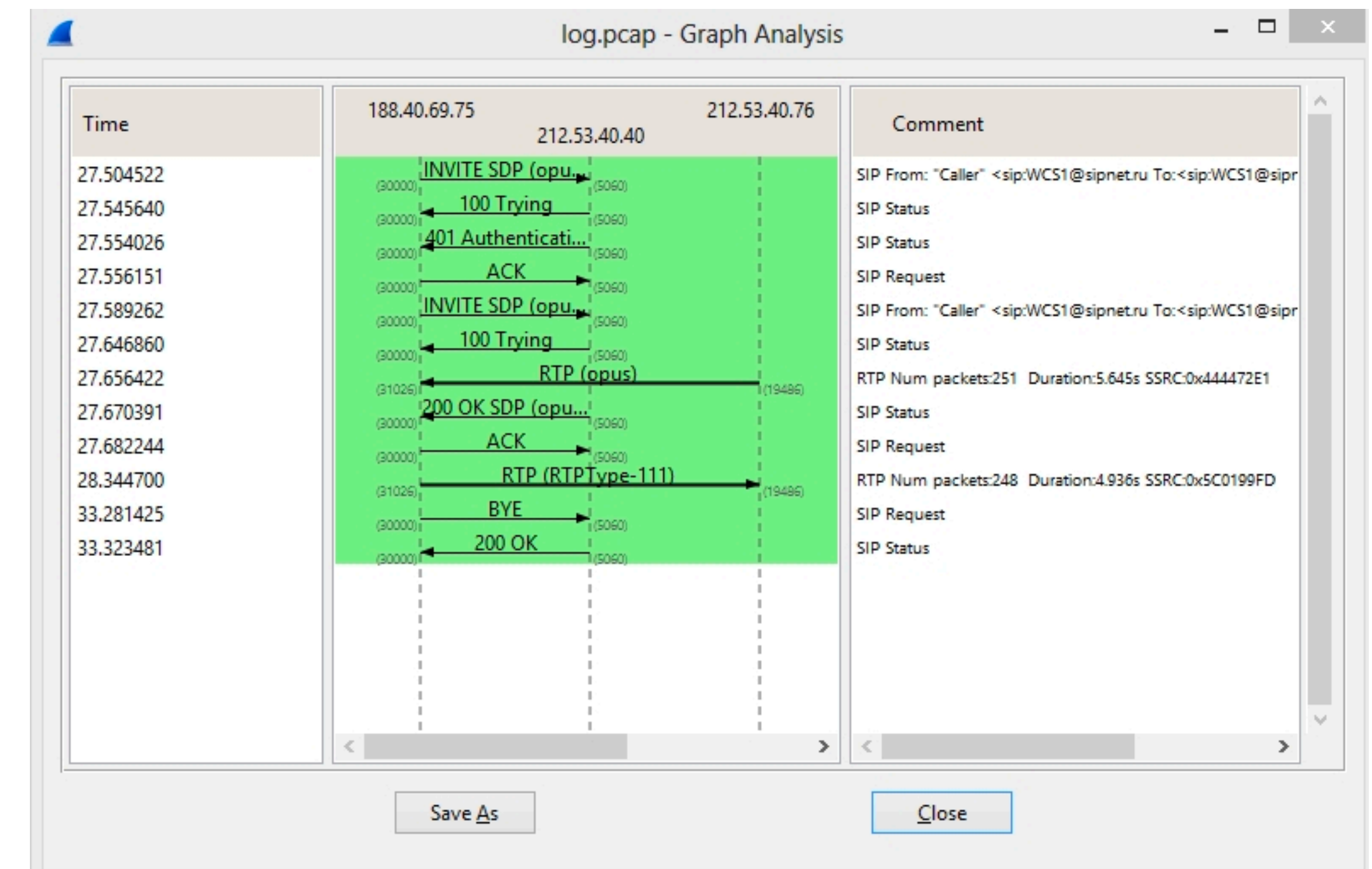
SIP/2.0 401 Unauthorized.
Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 158.193.139.84:5060;rport=5060;received=158.193.139.84;branch=z9hG4bK34ab4961.
Call-ID: 000d28e8-0cae0005-1867171c-61346c35@158.193.139.84.
From: <sip:312@158.193.139.84>;tag=000d28e80caebfe94ed6a6ce-7fad4c46.
To: <sip:312@158.193.139.84>;tag=z9hG4bK34ab4961.
CSeq: 87742 REGISTER.
WWW-Authenticate: Digest realm="kis.fri.uniza.sk",nonce="1571921659/125af93e7c0fb4d2690fe820d1d2f019",opaque="3
```



## MORE CLI TOOLS

---

- \* tshark - part of WireShark project
- \* WireShark is the most well know packet analyzer application
  - \* very good support for SIP and VoIP (parsing, diagram flow, play RTP audio, ...)
- \* <https://www.wireshark.org/docs/man-pages/tshark.html>
- \* <https://www.wireshark.org/>
- \* tcpdump - the grandfather of packet capture
  - \* <https://www.tcpdump.org/>



**SIP Tools**

**Kamailio Project**

# PROTOSHOOT

---

- \* send SIP messages from a file via UDP, TCP or SCTP
- \* <https://github.com/kamailio/kamailio/tree/master/misc/tools/protoshoot>

```
version: protoshoot 0.4
Usage: protoshoot -f file -d address -p port -c count [-v]
Options:
  -f file      file with the content of the udp packet (max 65k)
  -d address   destination address
  -p port      destination port
  -c count     number of packets to be sent
  -s usec      microseconds to sleep before sending "throttle" packets
  -t throttle  number of packets to send before sleeping
  -r           sleep randomly up to -s usec packets (see -s)
  -T           use tcp instead of udp
  -S           use sctp instead of udp
  -l           use sctp in one to one mode
  -n no        tcp connection number
  -R           close the tcp connections with RST (SO_LINGER)
  -v           increase verbosity level
  -V           version number
  -h           this help message
```



## MODULES

---

- \* *siptrace* - save SIP traffic to database or mirror the traffic to another system (e.g., one running sipcapture module)
  - \* <https://www.kamailio.org/docs/modules/stable/modules/siptrace.html>
- \* *sipcapture* - save mirrored SIP traffic to backend
  - \* <https://www.kamailio.org/docs/modules/stable/modules/sipcapture.html>
  - \* (see also [sipcapture.org](https://sipcapture.org) project)
- \* *sipdump* - write SIP traffic to text or pcap file or both
  - \* saves also Kamailio runtime metadata (e.g., list of processes, ...)
  - \* <https://www.kamailio.org/docs/modules/stable/modules/sipdump.html>



Soon 20 Years Of Development

THANK YOU!

---

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