RECITAL Combining crowdsourcing and expertise in Digital Humanities

FOSDEM - February 2021

Olivier Aubert www.olivieraubert.net - contact@olivieraubert.net

in collaboration with Françoise Rubellin (LAMO - Univ. Nantes) and Guillaume Raschia (LS2N - Univ. Nantes)



Context: Comédie-Italienne history

RECITAL: Registres de la Comédie-Italienne



CETHEFI - Centre d'Études cethefi des Théâtres de la Foire et de la Comédie-Italienne

Literature and history lab aiming at studying fairground theaters and Italian Comedy in Paris around XVIIIth century

Multiple approaches

- edition and study of unedited plays (Ciresfi)
- musical studies and database (Theaville)
- · VR reconstitution of no longer visible theatres (VESPACE)
- accounting registers study (RECITAL)



What are we expecting to learn from accounting registers?

- performed plays titles
- sold tickets (by category)
- expenses (taxes, accessories, musicians)
- theatre accounting

We want to learn generalities, but also find out exceptional things/events





Data to re-think theatre history

Economic history

author's royalties, subscriptions, accounting rules...

Social history

audience composition, placement, involved actors...

Hardware history

sets making, costumes...





Historical investigations...

M.S. Le. 12 Mars 1730 Domenica M. 252 Leone: Lion (a turkey actually) Nicolò peruchiero foco - - - - 200 Vestiva alle due - - - 2 paya a boive aux gardey - - - 4 Noto I - habity - - - 25



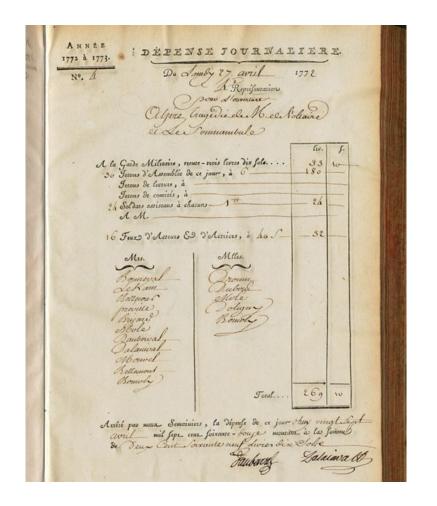
A similar project is underway on Comédie Française registers

See https://www.cfregisters.org/











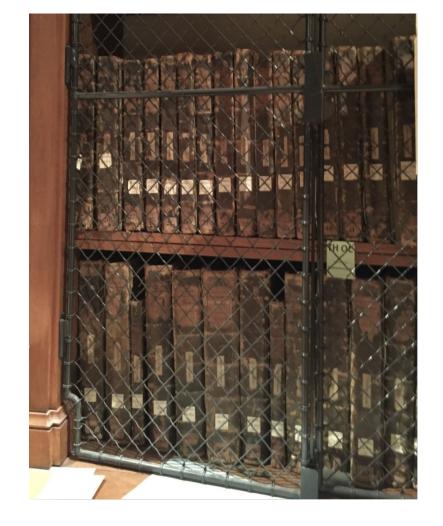
The corpus



Accounting registers kept under the roof of the

Bibliothèque-musée de l'Opéra









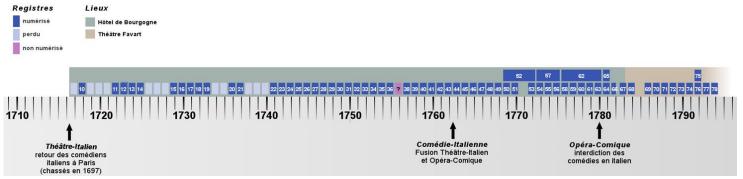
Available corpus



Registers for Comédie-Italienne - now available on Gallica



A century of accounting registers



(figure by Florent Coubard)

- 1 Register = 1 Theatre Season, from April to March
- digitized corpus: 1717-1794 (with 13 seasons missing)
- 64 registers of 300 to 600 pages
- about 26 000 pages



Anatomy of a register



Daily accounts 77%



Monthly accounts 10%



Final state + various 3%



Blank pages 10%

TH-OC-42 register (1760-1761) - 373 pages



Original corpus characteristics

- Handwritten pages
- · 2+ languages: French and Italian (various dialects)
- · 7+ « bookkeepers »: from Alborghetti to Linguet
- · Currency of the Ancien Régime : Livre-Sou-Denier
- All along the century
 - formal changes of balance sheets
 - updating of accounting rules



Digitizing approaches

Two complementary approaches

Automated (Al-based)

VS

Manual (expert+crowdsourcing)



Al automation

Usage of AI for segmentation and transcription

- PhD work by Adeline Granet during the project (2015-2018)
- Difficult corpus characteristics + lack of ground truth (bootstrap)

Off-the-shelf open solutions now exist for HCR

- Transkribus: mostly open-source, but recent paying model for using models in SAAS mode.
 - eScriptorium (web interface for Kraken): open-source



Crowdsourcing approach

- more tedious, workforce-demanding
- fit for irregular contents
- more apt at identifying exceptional/interesting items
- a requirement for building the ground-truth
- issues of data quality evaluation and data validation



Crowdsourcing platform - ScribeAPI

ScribeAPI software

issued from the Zooniverse project

MIT-licensed

Ruby-on-Rails platform



Crowdsourcing tasks in short



3 activities

- Mark (segment and categorize)
- Transcribe
- Verify



Crowdsourcing interface

8 different page types

Déterminez le type de la page cicontre :

COUVERTURE
INTRODUCTION

ETAT

COMPTE QUOTIDIEN

COMPTE MENSUEL

COMPTE ANNUEL

OK

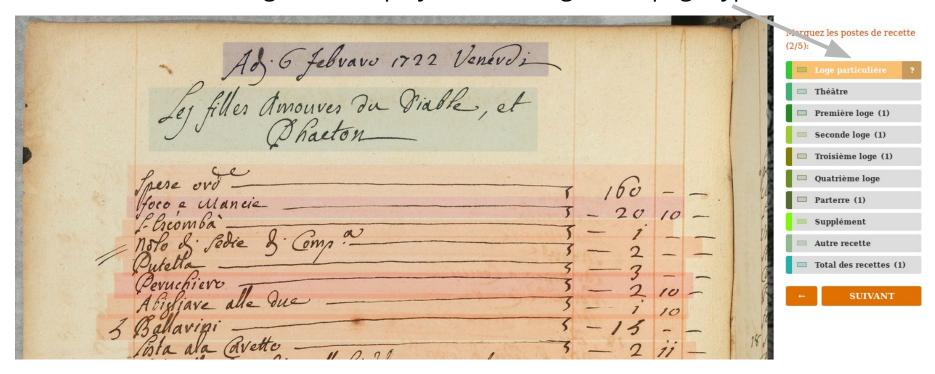
PAGE VIERGE

Inclassable?



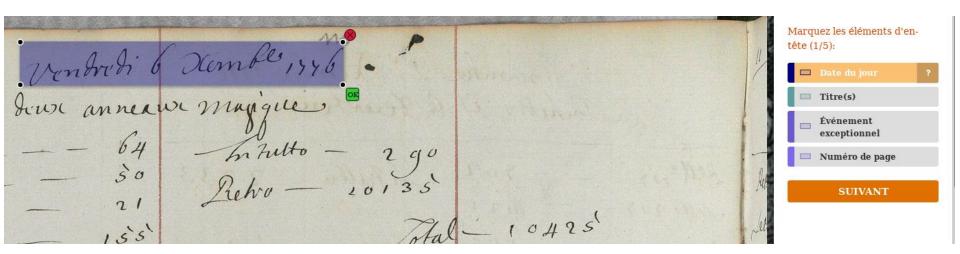
Crowdsourcing interface - marking

133 data categories - displayed according to the page type





Crowdsourcing interface - marking





Crowdsourcing interface - transcription



Les femmes et le secret, la perdrix et Zémire



Crowdsourcing interface - verification





ScribeAPI

Pros

- Open source
- Collaborative annotation of images
- Able to express chained task sequences (mark-transcribe-verify)
- Well thought interface (accessible to non-technical users)

Cons

- Complex architecture/model
- End-of-life reached in 2016



Open-Source and Technical debt

Official ScribeAPI - End-of-Life in 2016

Dependencies on old versions of Ruby, js/coffeescript, Mongo, unbuildable as-is now

Current server/dependencies dockerized

But not all hope is lost

effort by Utrecht University to update critical dependencies (unmerged pull request)



After crowdsourcing - ongoing work

- Data quality evaluation
 - first phase crowdsourced (peer-reviewed verification)
 - second phase automated
 - third phase manual
- Data cleaning and validation
 - custom tools, using external information (list of play titles, actors...)
 - dedicated user-interface (dashboard) for experts
 - integration of Al-based tools
- Data publication
 - FAIR principles
 - collaboration/links with other projects/data



If you want to contribute, welcome at...

https://recital.univ-nantes.fr/



