



Quantum Computing and the Forest SDK

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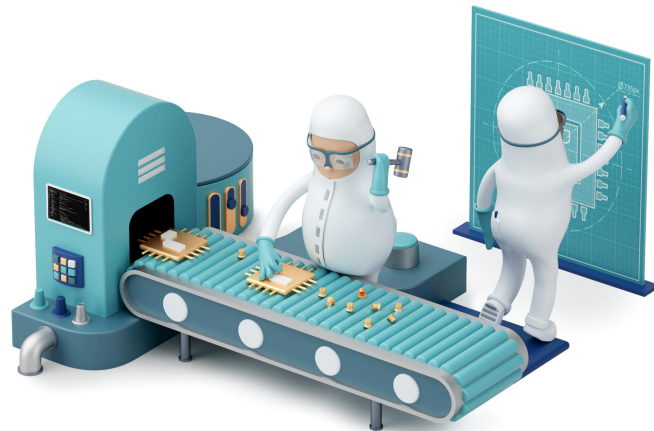


a quick poll

Rigetti Computing, in a nutshell



- Build **universal, gate-based hybrid classical/quantum computers**
 - Quantum computers are not more powerful than classical ones, yet
 - ... but they can do real, interesting computations
- **Full-stack** company
 - all in-house: *design* → *manufacturing* → ... → *applications development*
- Wide range of papers published
- Flagship product: **Quantum Cloud Services**



Quantum Cloud Services



- **Fastest** quantum programming environment available to the public
- SW+HW+Infra innovations give **30x** speed-up over HTTP services
 - 2 hours of computation becomes 4 minutes
- Personal Quantum Machine Image (QMI) with SSH access, preloaded with a full suite of advanced tools:
 - Compiler
 - Simulator
 - Python API
 - Optional libraries

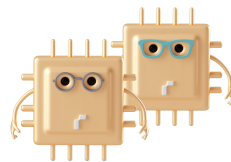
Forest SDK



Open source @ Rigetti



- 3 years ago, released an open standard for **Quil**
 - A portable quantum instruction language for hybrid computation
 - Language-independent: Python, OCaml, Lisp, JavaScript, ...
- Since then, Rigetti has released a handful of OSS



pyQuil

MAGICL

rpcq

forest-benchmarking

oqaml

grove

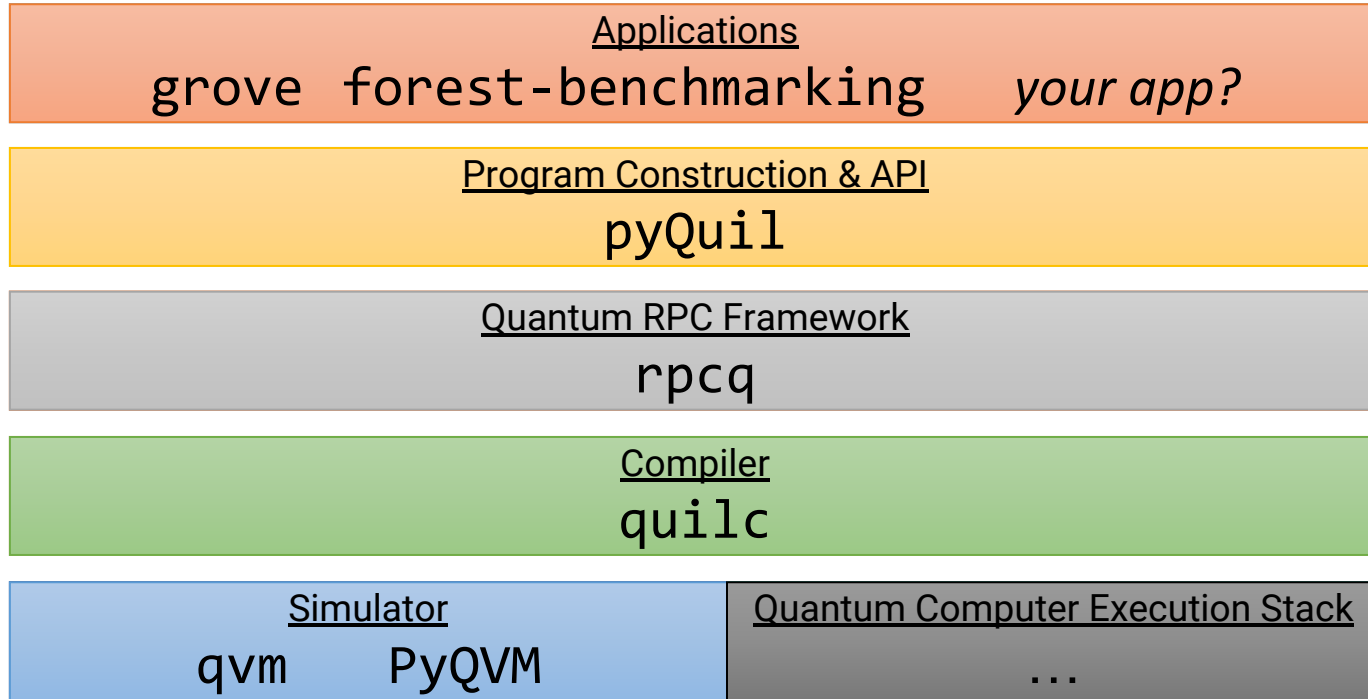
ALEXA

cmu-infix

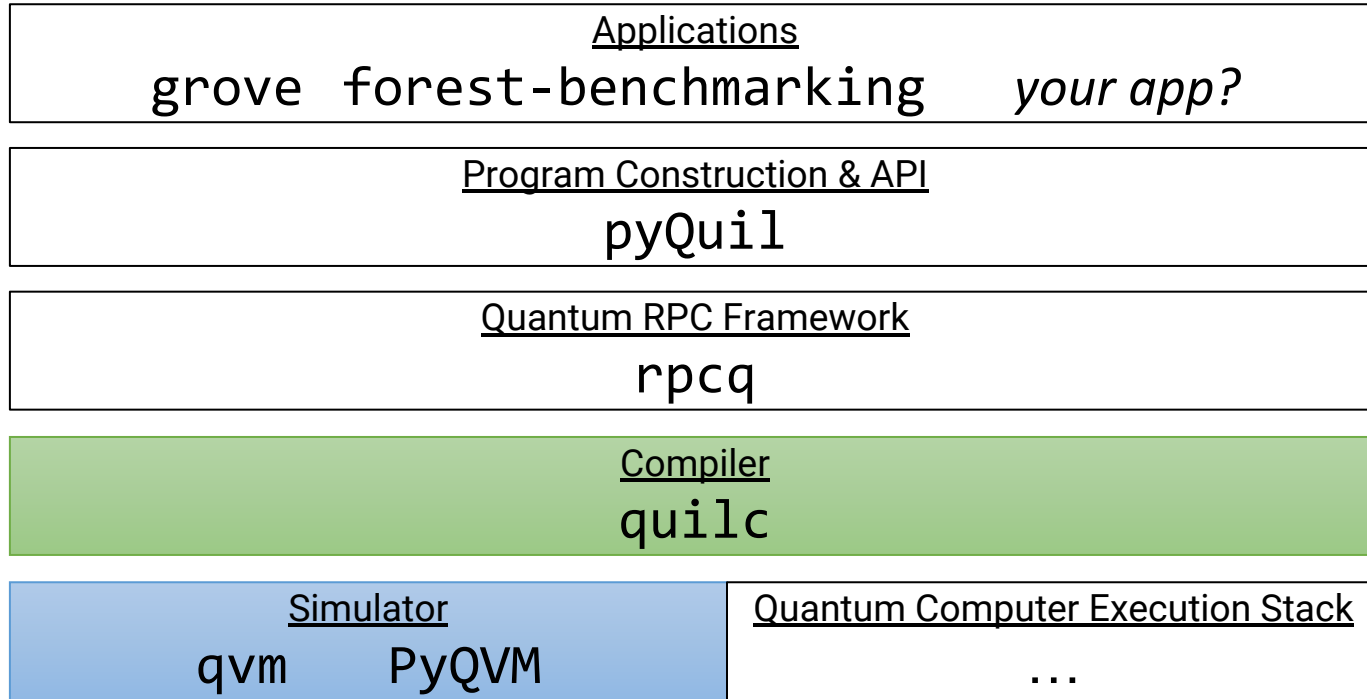
& more

Many contributions back to OSS projects: CAD tools, testing libs, etc.

The Forest SDK



The Forest SDK: today's talk



The Rigetti Quantum Virtual Machine: qvm



- Extremely **high-performance**: Eats all available CPU cores and RAM if you let it
- Can execute the entire Quil language
- Supports lots of execution modes
 - Standard & stochastic pure-state evolution (latter with Kraus operators)
 - Full density matrix evolution
 - Path integral formulation: calculate 1 amplitude with linear memory
- Simulates perfect and imperfect quantum computers
- Includes a compiler to **translate Quil into machine code**
 - Screaming fast execution, outperforms many simulators by 2x



demo

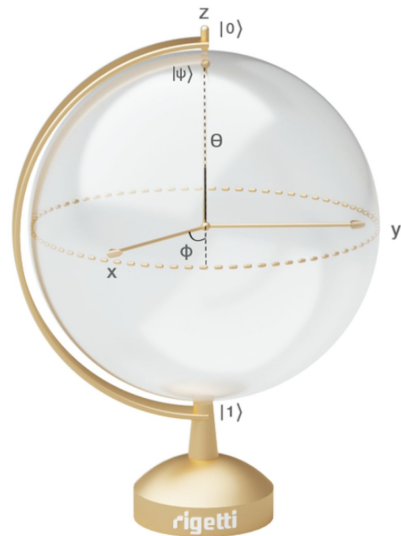
```
./qvm --verbose --benchmark
```

```
./qvm --verbose --benchmark --compile
```

The Rigetti optimizing Quil compiler: `qu1c`



- The only general purpose, fully automatic, optimizing quantum compiler
- Built with **portability** in mind
 - Can compile to **user-specified** quantum architectures
- Can compile any unitary gate (2q, 3q, 4q, ... doesn't matter)
- Has lots of special knowledge to do quantum equivalents of:
 - register allocation
 - peephole optimization
 - flow analysis and optimization
 - optimal compilation



One of the most amazing pieces of software I've worked on in my career.



demo

```
./quilk  
cat bernstein-vazirani.quil | ./quilk -Pd
```

Fully automatic compilation is good!



- As if it were the 1950s, some software firms suggest we should be:
 - hand compiling quantum programs
 - have our programs always be aware of the target architecture
 - which changes every 6 months
 - writing un-portable code
 - ... because otherwise it “won’t be appropriate” for NISQ machines
- Computers are fast; what problems they can solve may surprise you
- If people can write C for microcontrollers, then they can write portable Quil for quantum computers

quilc is a good & improving demonstration of that

demo

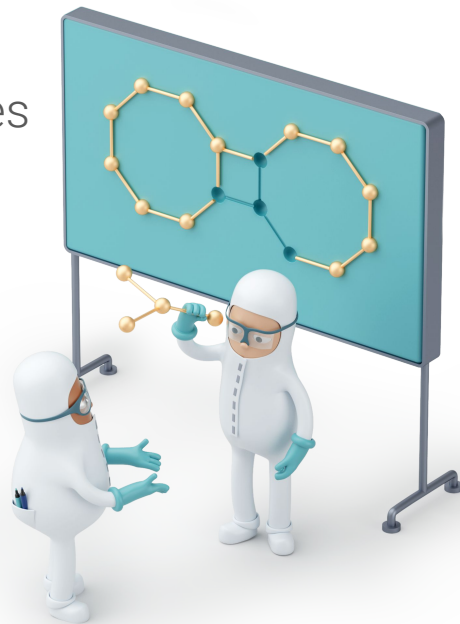
```
cat bernstein-vazirani.quil | ./quirc -Pd --verbose
```

What does a compiler target look like?

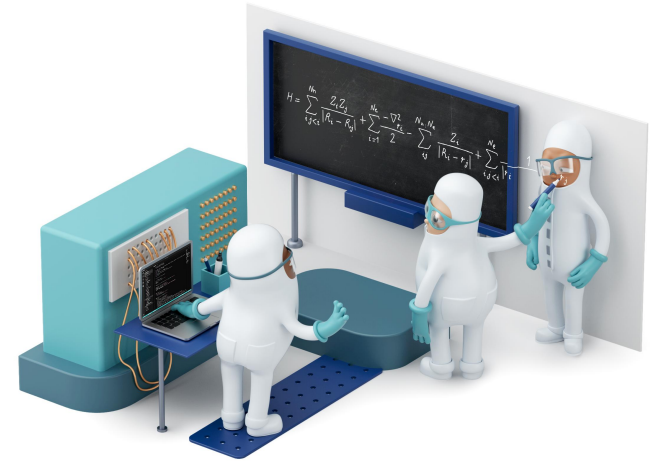
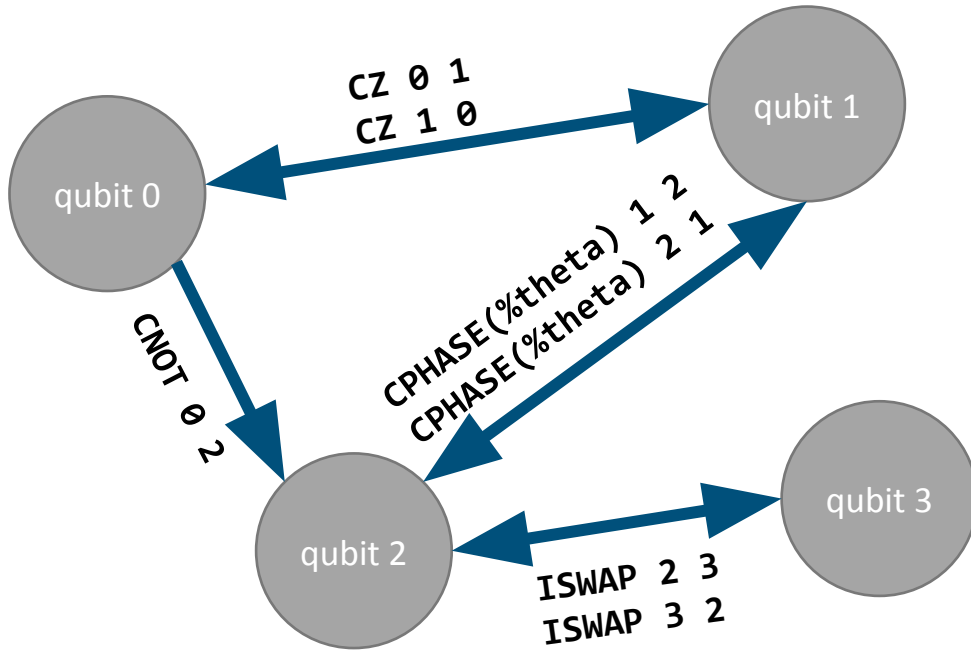


- Generally a graph of qubits
- Each qubit supports a collection of single-qubit gates
 - Could be static or parametric
 - e.g., $RX(\pi/2)$, $RZ(\theta)$
- Each qubit-pair supports a collection of two-qubit gates
 - e.g., CZ , $CNOT$, $CPHASE(\theta)$
- Each qubit-{triplet, quadruplet, ...} supports {3, 4, ...}-qubit gates
 - The ion trap folks go nuts with these, e.g., **Mølmer-Sørensen gate**

Different qubits may be tuned for different operations!



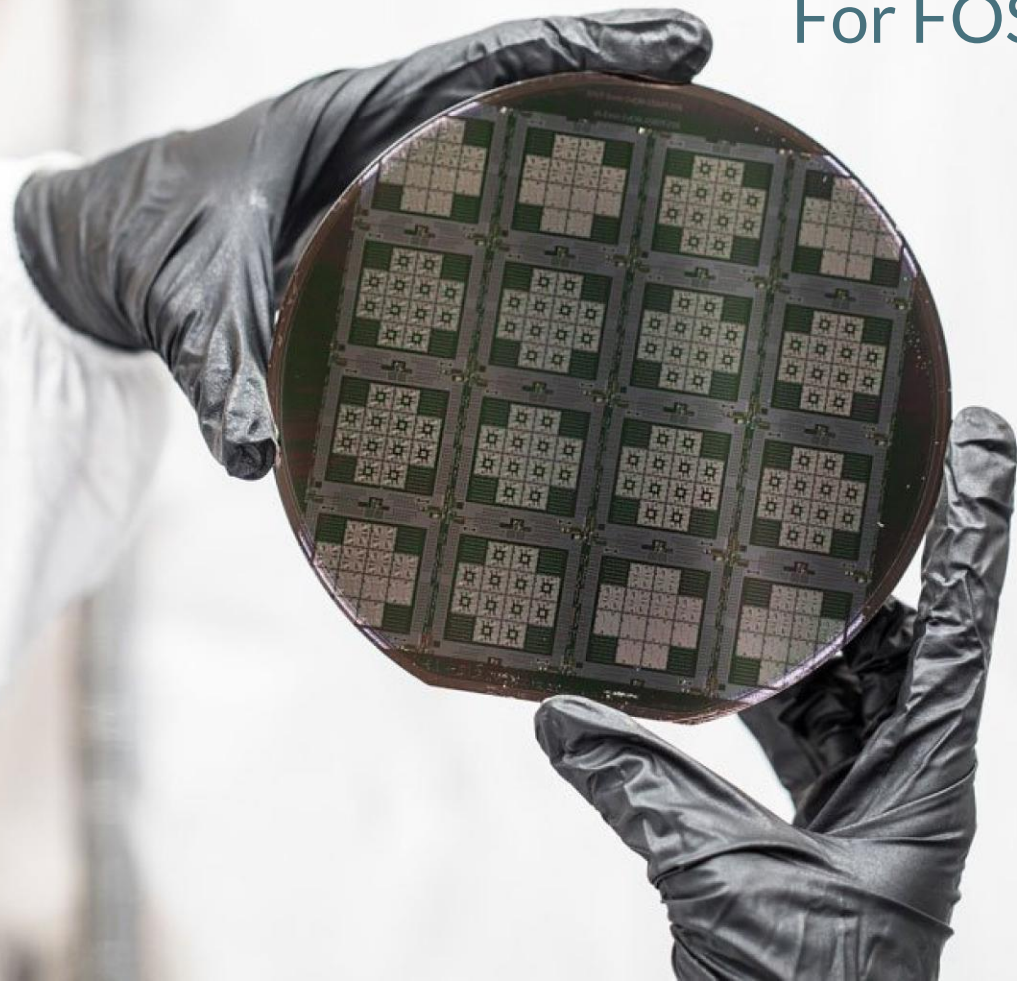
quilc can compile for this architecture



Try hand-compiling a GHZ state on a quantum computer with this architecture!



For FOSDEM, we ported `quilc`...



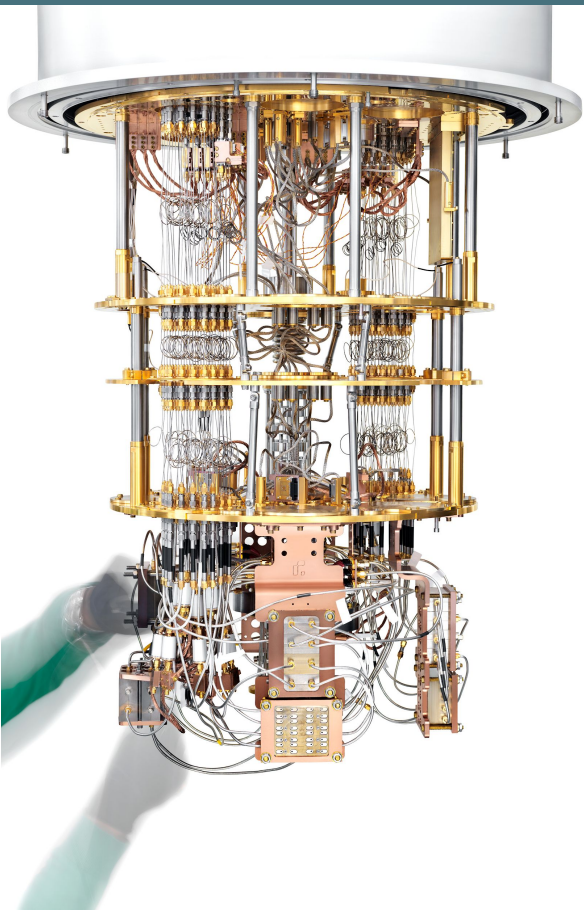
- ... to **Google's Bristlecone** architecture (72 qubits)
- ... to **IBM's ibmqx5** architecture (16 qubits)
- Any program written in Quil in whatever gate set will compile to Rigetti's, Google's, and IBM's architectures portably
 - And **`quilc` optimizes** for them
- Can work on the full chip or any subgraph of it
- The only compiler that can do so?



demo

```
cat molmer.quil | ./quirc -Pd --isa 8Q  
cat molmer.quil | ./quirc -Pd --isa bristlecone  
cat molmer.quil | ./quirc -Pd --isa ibmqx5  
cat molmer.quil | ./quirc -Pd --isa bristlecone --enable-state-prep-reductions
```

qvm & quilc are free to download



- Free downloadable installers for Linux, macOS, and Windows^β
 - Comes with a EULA
- Open-source alternative to **qvm**: PyQVM
 - Just released; part of pyQuil
 - FOSS license: Apache 2.0
 - Much slower for lots of qubits, doesn't come with all the bells and whistles
- No real alternative to **quilc**
 - Follow folk advice and hand-compile?

Split open/closed source = Good for startups

Pros of Open Source

- Open source allows us to reap the rewards of sharing the parts that users mostly use so that the customer experience can be improved
- Using RPC and creating good APIs allows anybody to slot in their own open source variants
- Languages (like Quil) and APIs are best fostered as a part of an open source community

Pros of Closed Source

- Closed source programmer tools allow us to innovate, sell, make money, license, and write EULAs
- Can't afford to "give everything for free" unlike the multi-billion dollar giants with tens or hundreds of thousands of employees
- Relying on the community for the most important tools is a haphazard bet. Otherwise Linux would be the #1 desktop OS



just kidding

rigetti



`github.com/rigetti/qvm`
`github.com/rigetti/quilc`

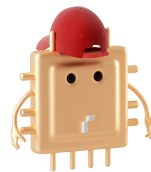
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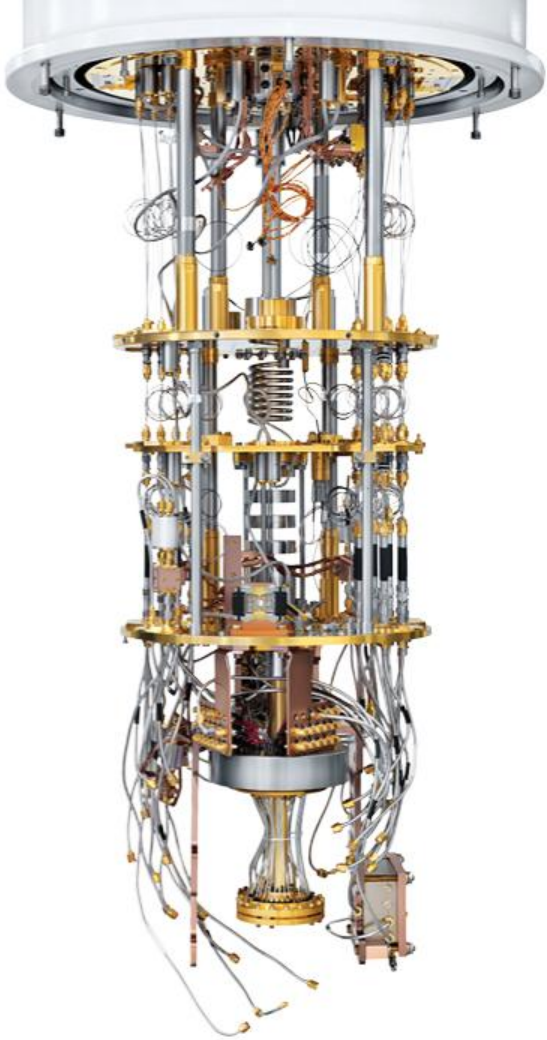


qvm & quilc are written in Common Lisp

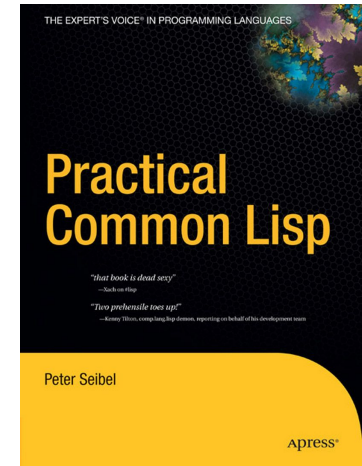



- Many innovations couldn't have happened without it
 - Time & money budget aren't infinite at a startup
 - Developing in Lisp is snappy
- Nobody has figured out expressive syntax for quantum computing
 - Lisp is great—even optimized—for metasyntactic experiments
- Debugging a compiler in Lisp with Emacs+SLIME is much nicer than in Python or C++
 - Optimizing compilers are very difficult to debug
- Our team primarily consists of first-time Lisp programmers
 - New employees are always productive in just a few days





A book about Lisp for
programmers
Practical Common Lisp
free ebook online





$|\text{Beer}\rangle + |\text{You}\rangle / \sqrt{2}$ Challenge

The first 3 people to...

solve an issue · fix a bug · make a contribution

...will get a beer on me.



Email: **robert@rigetti.com**
Code: github.com/rigetti/qvm
Code: github.com/rigetti/quilc
Slack: rigetti.com/community