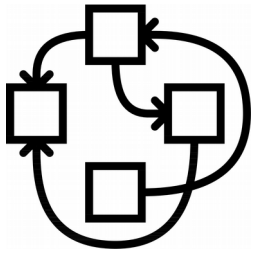


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# Hurd's PCI arbiter

Samuel Thibault  
& Joan Lledo

2018 February 3rd



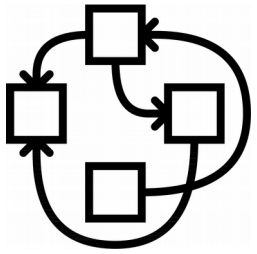
# The Hurd is all about freedom #0

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“The freedom to run the program, for any purpose”

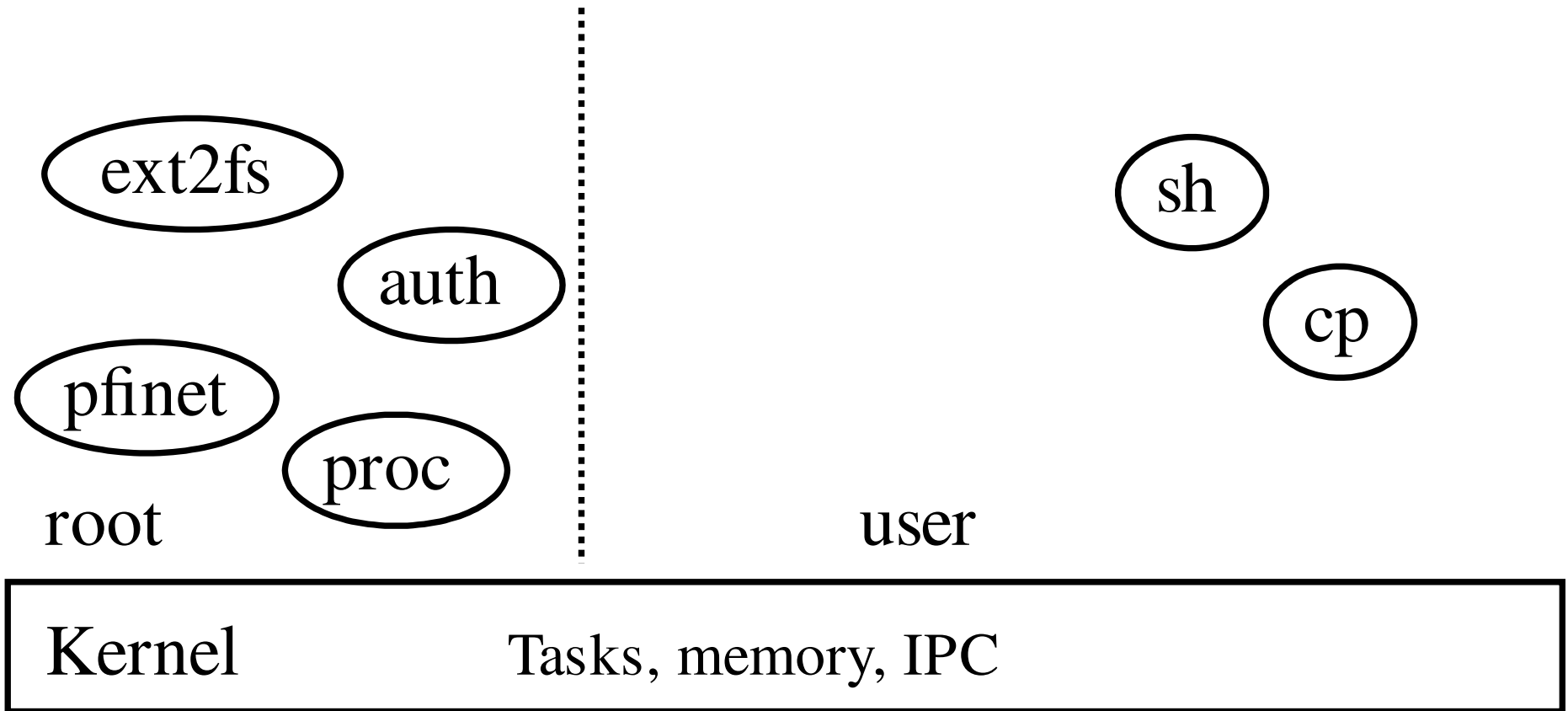
I.e.:

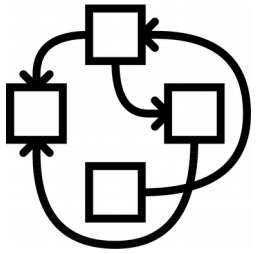
- Freedom from sysadmin!
  - WTH is fdisk/mke2fs/... hidden in /sbin?
  - I should be able to just work with my disk/network access
- Freedom to innovate
  - Experimental filesystem, personal work-flow, new kind of process combination,...
  - Give a PCI card function to a process
- Freedom from misbehaving programs and drivers



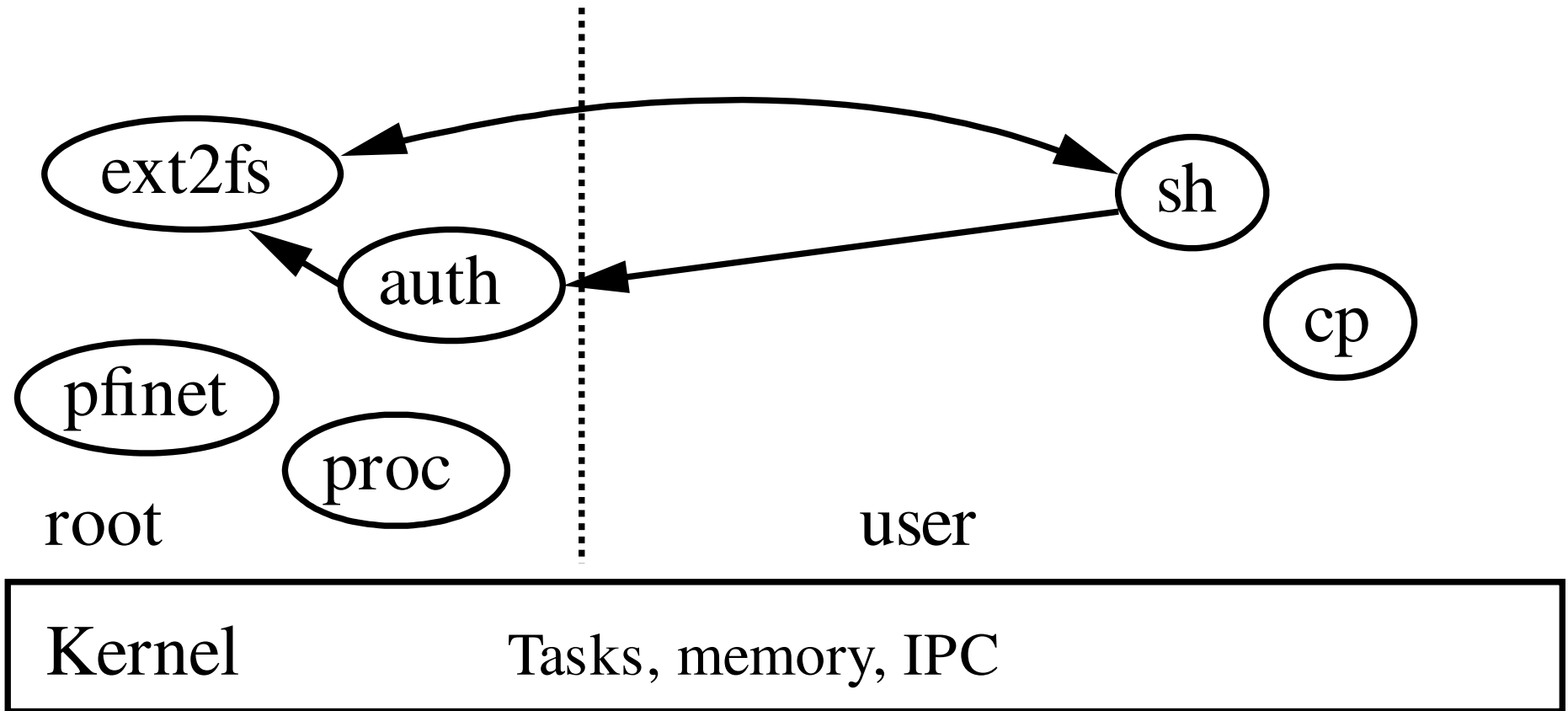
# Micro-kernel layering

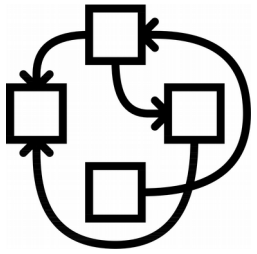
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# Micro-kernel layering

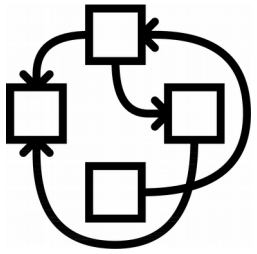




# Micro-kernel layering

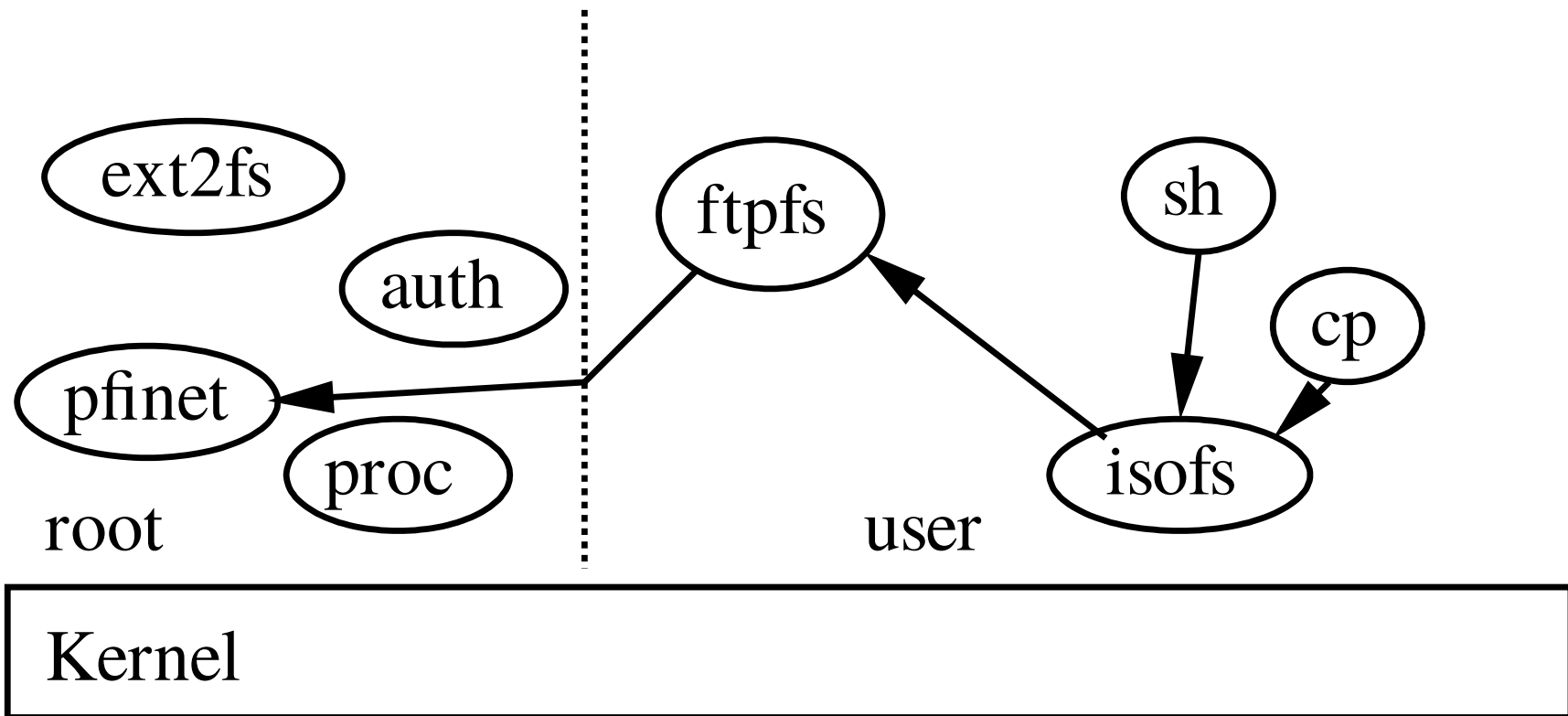
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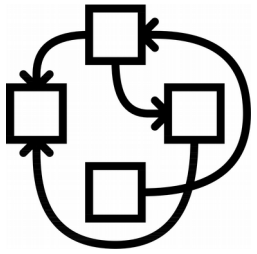
- Server crash? Not a problem
  - “Computer bought the farm” is just an error, not something-of-the-death
- Easier to debug/tune
  - Just run gdb, gprof, ...
- Can dare crazy things
  - The Hurd console has dynamic font support
    - See chinese support in pseudo-graphical mode (actually pure VGA textmode!) of Debian installer.
    - And Emojis!
- Kernel only handles Tasks, memory, IPC



# Hurd possibilities

---





# Hurd possibilities

---

```
€ settrans -c ~/ftp: /hurd/hostmux /hurd/ftpfs /
```

(just once for good)

```
€ settrans -a ~/mnt /hurd/iso9660fs
```

```
~/ftp://ftp.gnu.org/old-gnu/gnu-f2/hurd-F2-main.iso
```

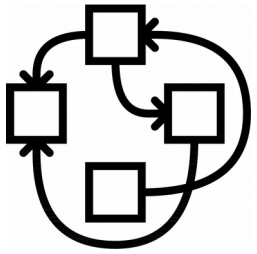
```
€ ls ~/mnt
```

```
README-or-FAIL
```

...

- Only downloads what is needed.
- Can be permanently stored in ext2fs

```
€ settrans ~/.signature /hurd/run /usr/games/fortune
```



# But also

---

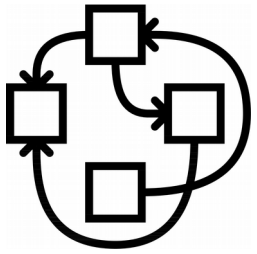
```
€ remap /bin/sh $HOME/bin/sh
```

```
€ remap /bin $HOME/unionbin
```

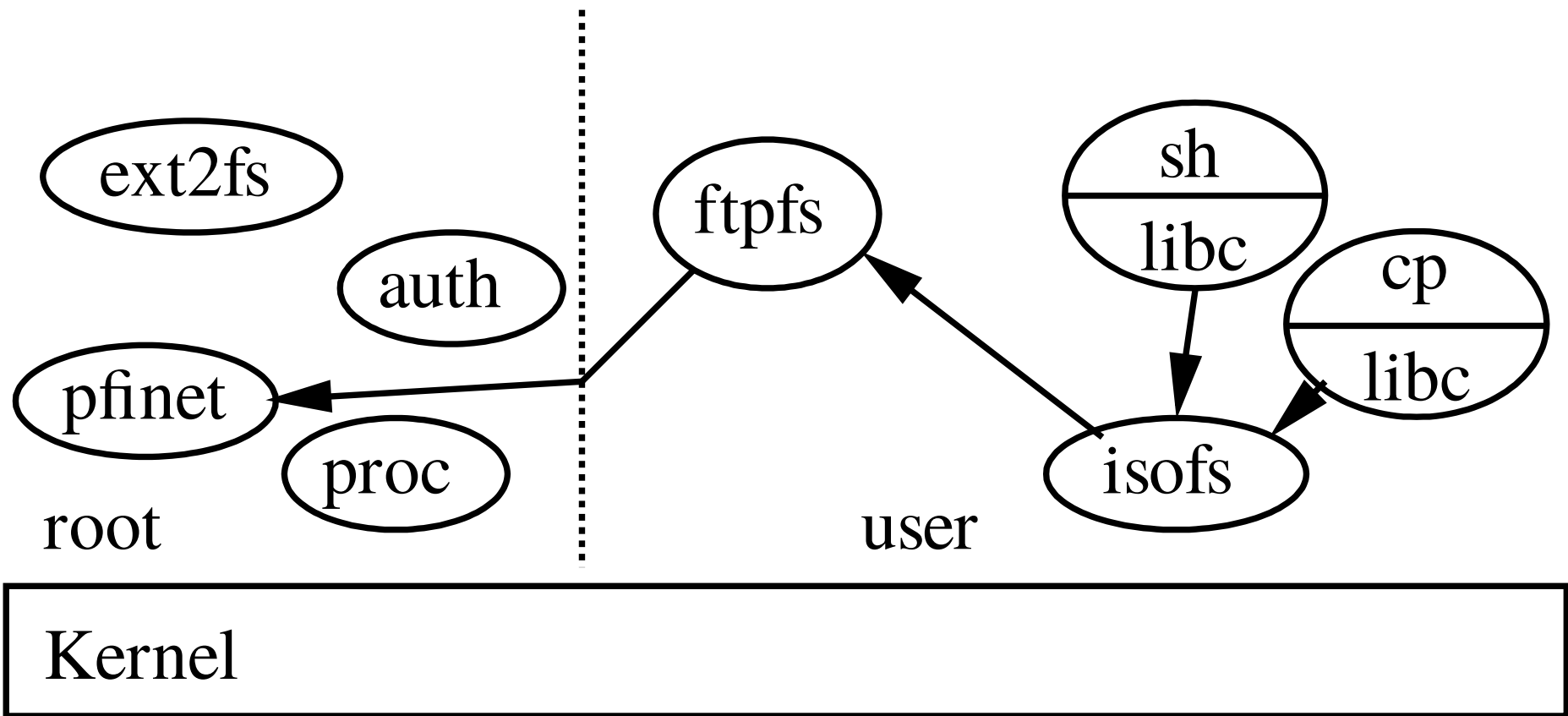
...

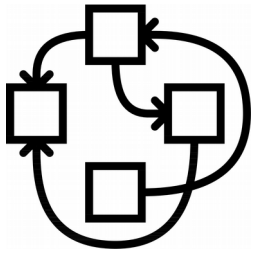
- Check out Stow/Nix/Guix!





# How does it work?

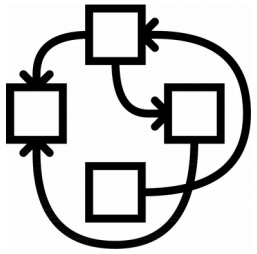




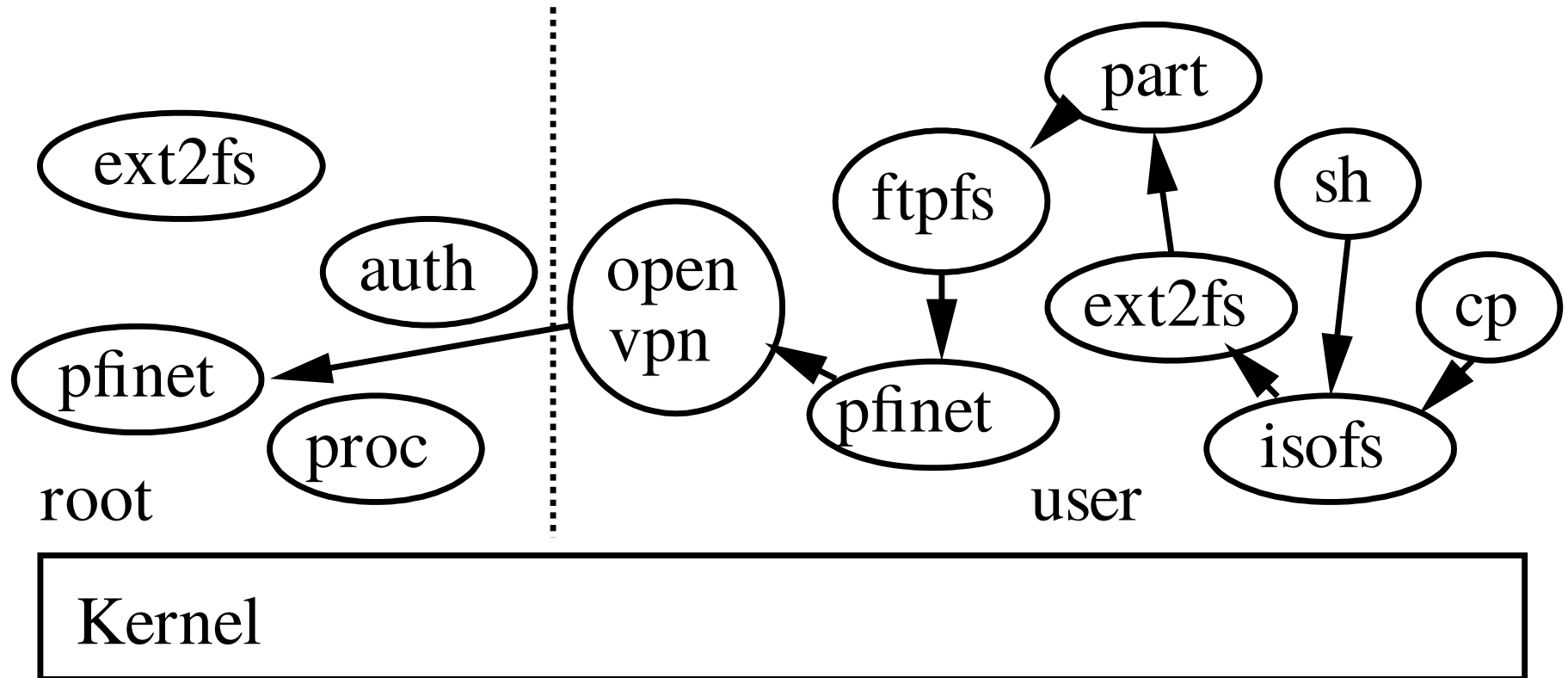
# Rationale

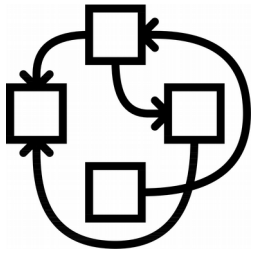
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- **Everything** is an (interposable) RPC
- Translators exposed in the FS
- The user gets to decide what/how to interpose
  - Without need for costly ptrace or fragile libc symbols interposition.
  - **Native** fakeroot/chroot
  - Fully virtualized and fine-grained interface
- Just need to use what's provided by the admin, e.g.
  - \$HOME/
  - TCP/IP stackand pile over it

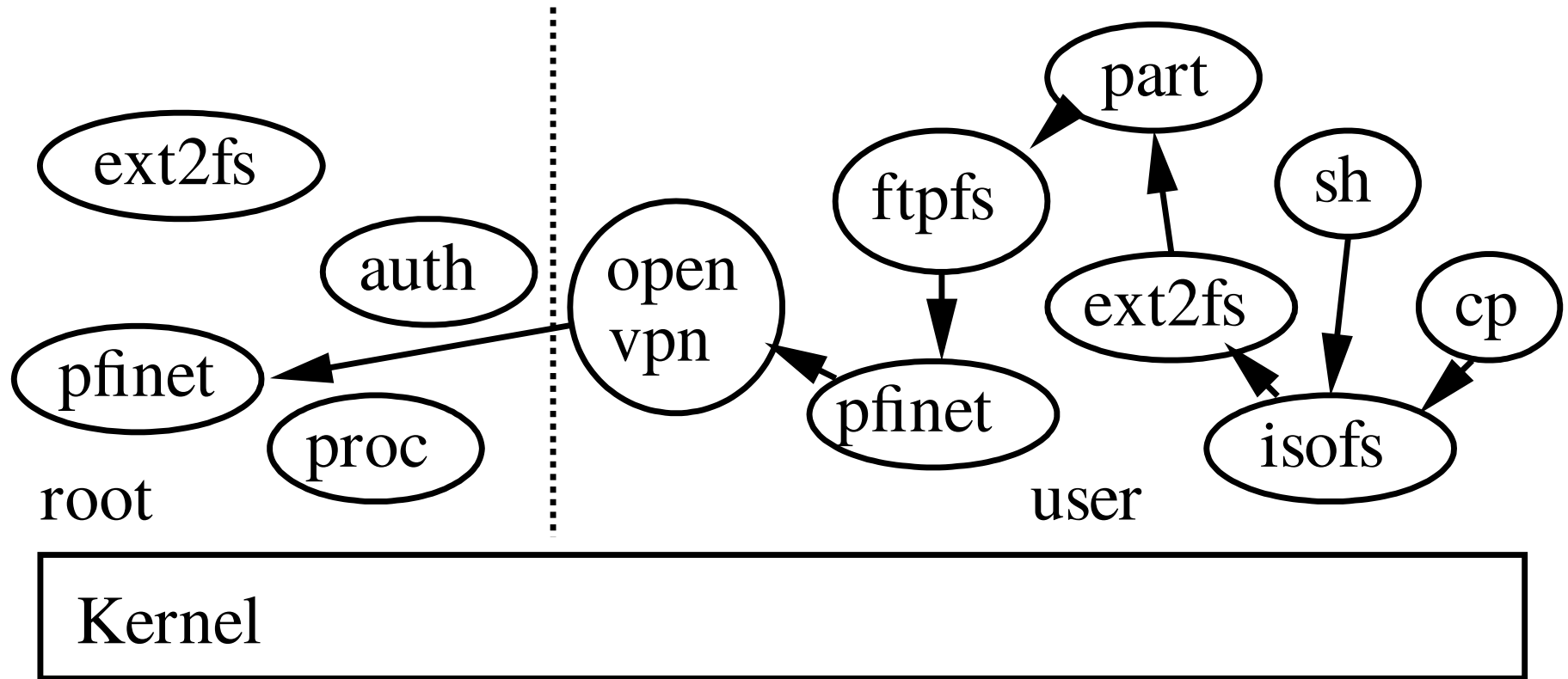


# Hurd possibilities (cont'ed)

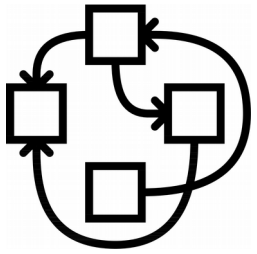




# Hurd possibilities (cont'ed)

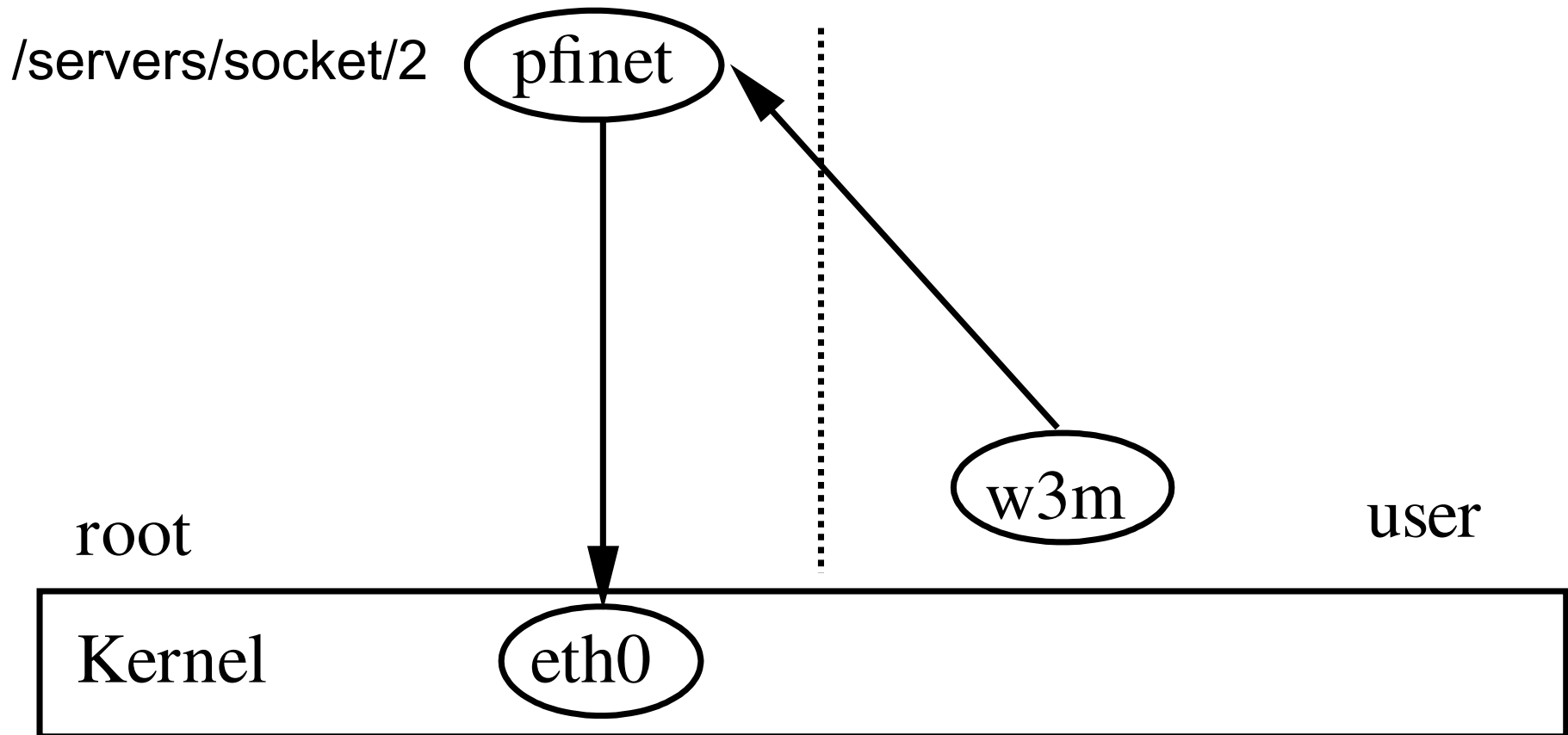


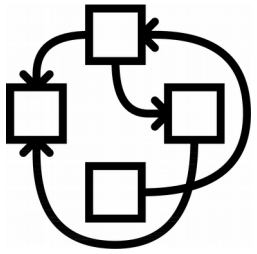
i.e. ISO image inside a partitioned disk image  
on ftp over a VPN



# Hurd userland network support

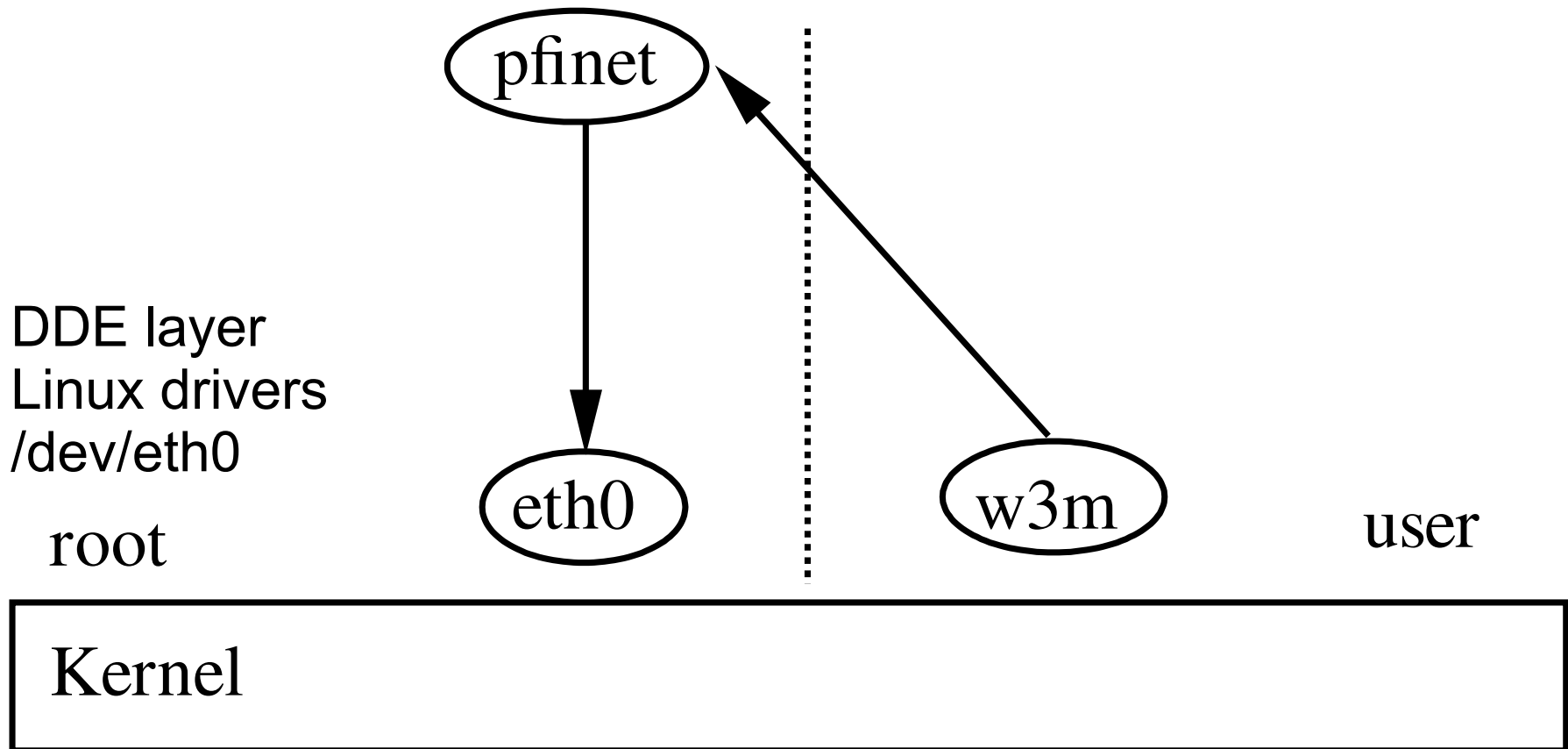
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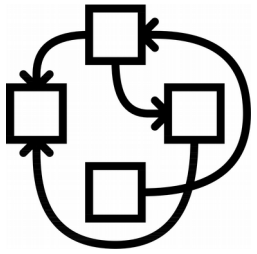




# Hurd userland network support

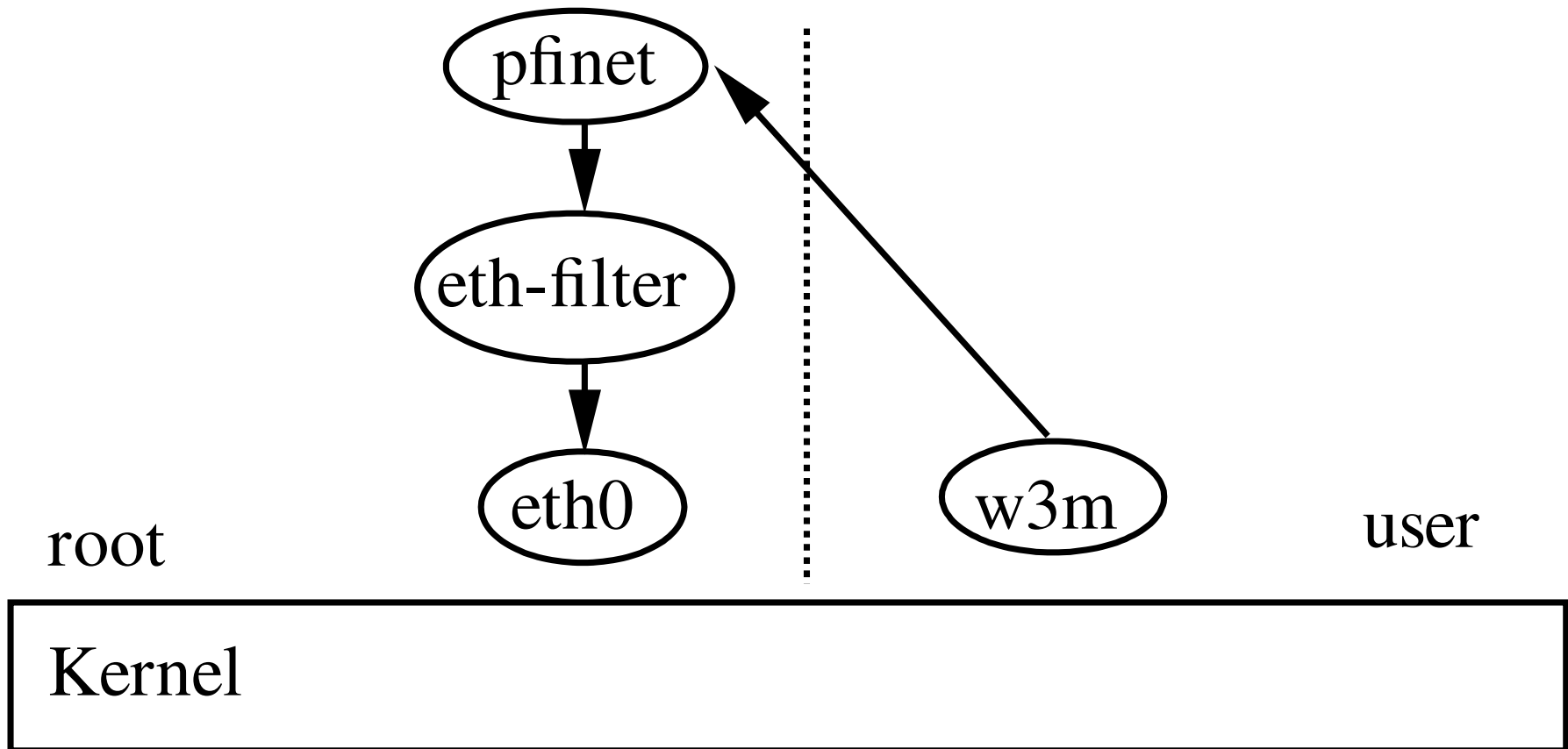
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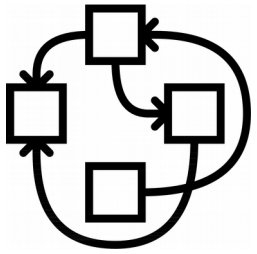




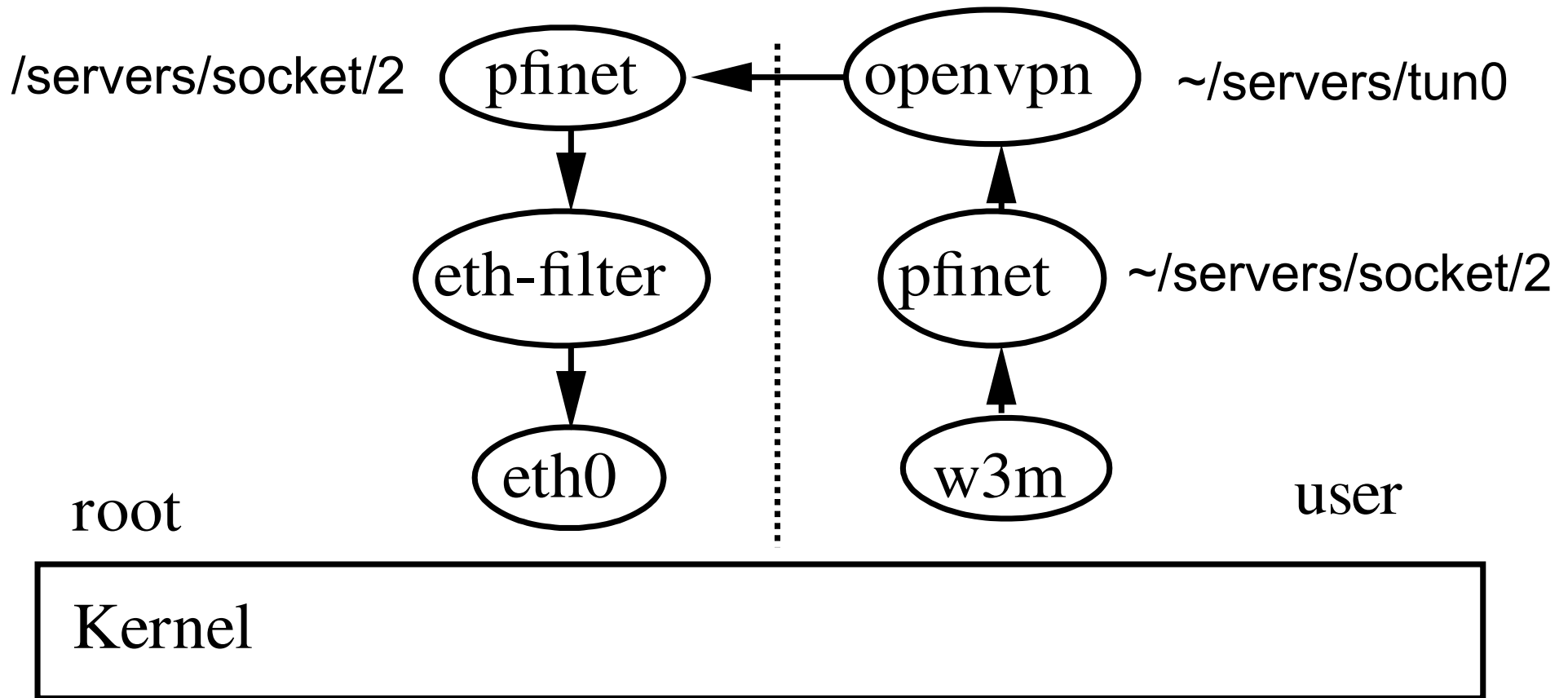
# Hurd userland network support

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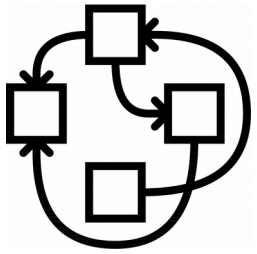




# Hurd userland network support







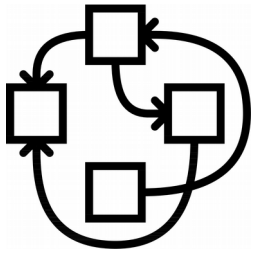
# Accessing PCI cards

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Eth0 network drivers (netdde) access PCI config space at bootup

- Xorg too
- Rump sound drivers too
- ...

But that's not concurrent-access-safe :)

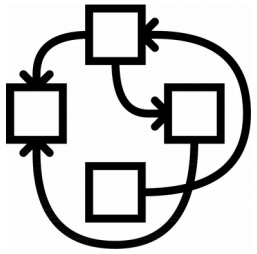


# Accessing PCI cards

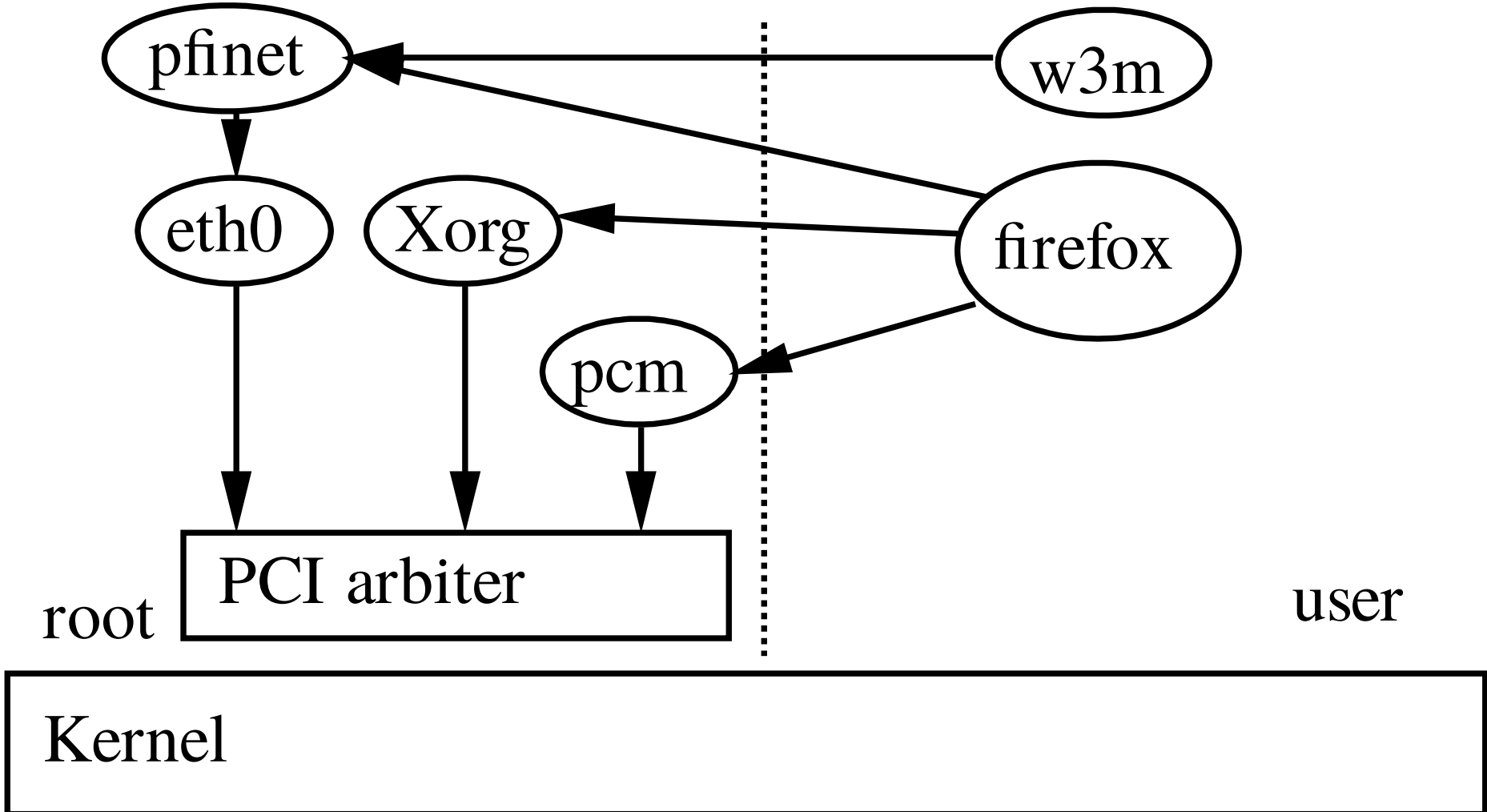
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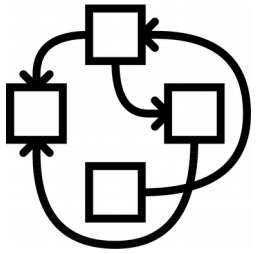
Translator for concurrent access to PCI config

- Sitting on `/servers/pci/<dom>/<bus>/<dev>/<fn>`
- Provides `pci_conf_read/write`, `get_dev_regions`, `get_dev_rom`
- Enough to implement `libpciaccess` & `pciutils` backends



# Accessing PCI cards



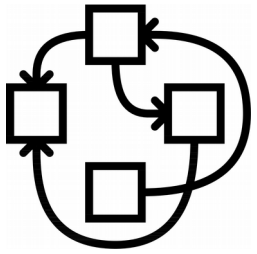


# Accessing PCI cards as user

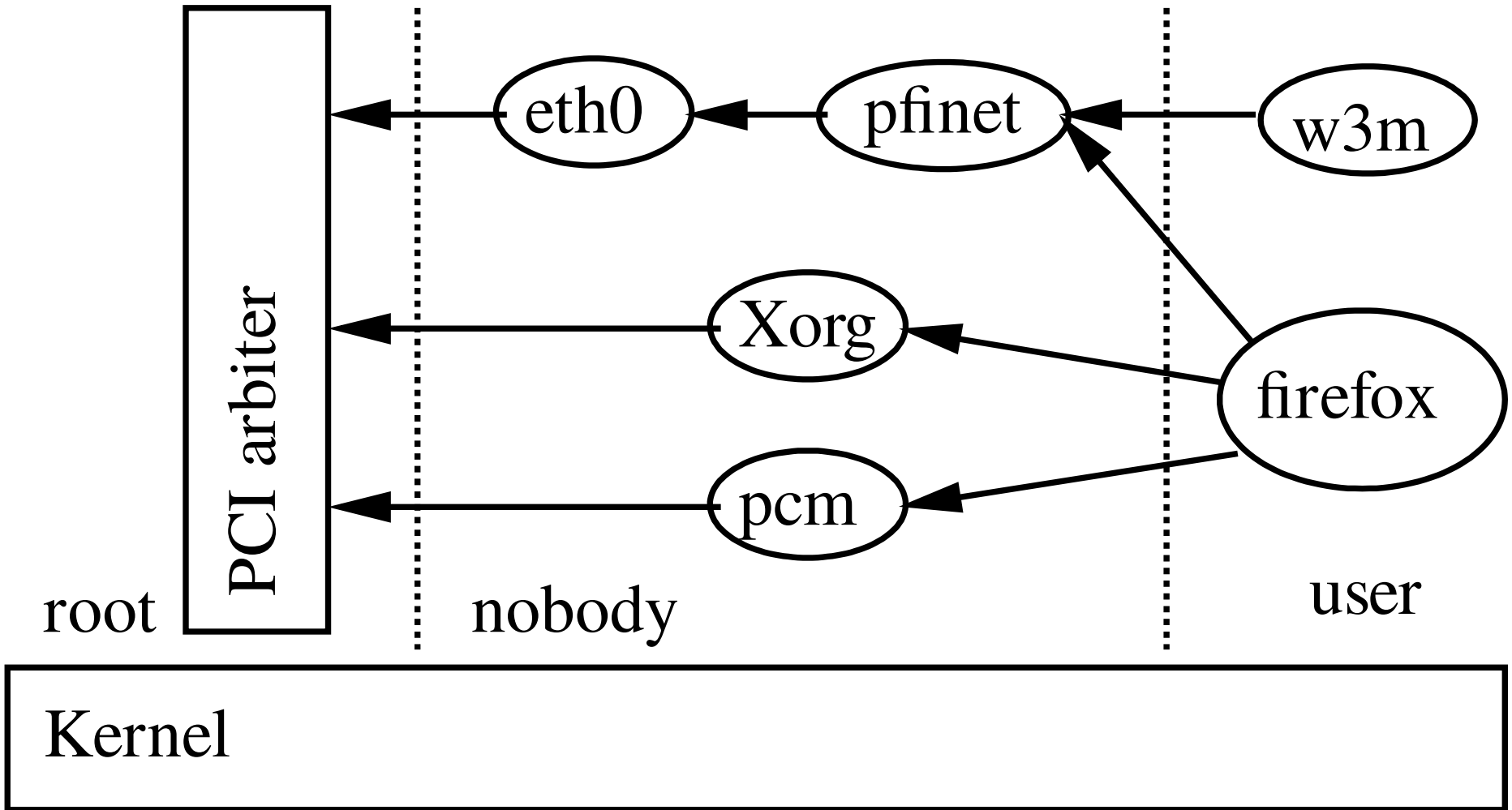
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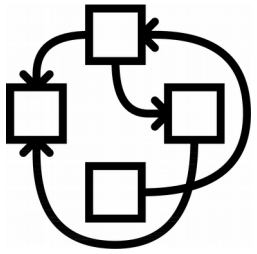
While at it, let's allow Unix user permission configuration

- Give PCI card access on the fly with
  - `fsysopts /servers/pci --uid 1234 --p 00:1f.3`
  - (or configure it permanently with `settrans`)
- User app can then
  - Read/write config
  - TODO: map resources / ROM
  - TODO: get i/o port access token

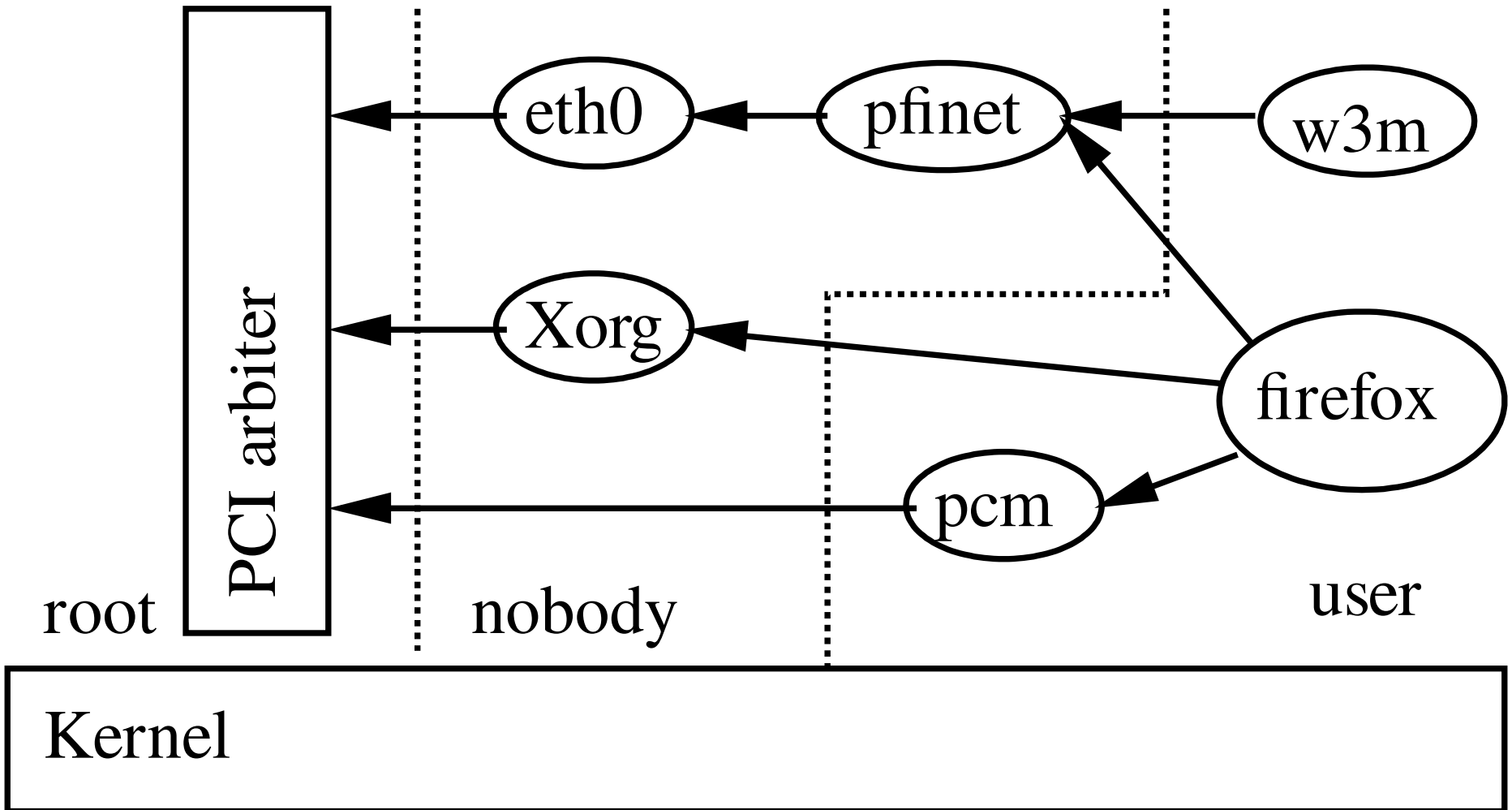


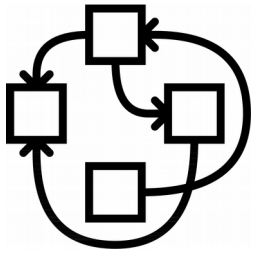
# Accessing PCI cards as user





# Accessing PCI cards as user





# Accessing PCI cards as user

---

Woah, give a PCI card to a user?!

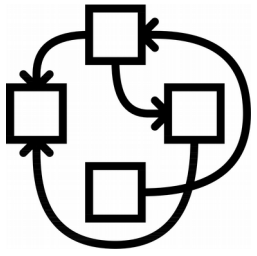
- DMA access to the whole memory!

But IO-MMU can control that

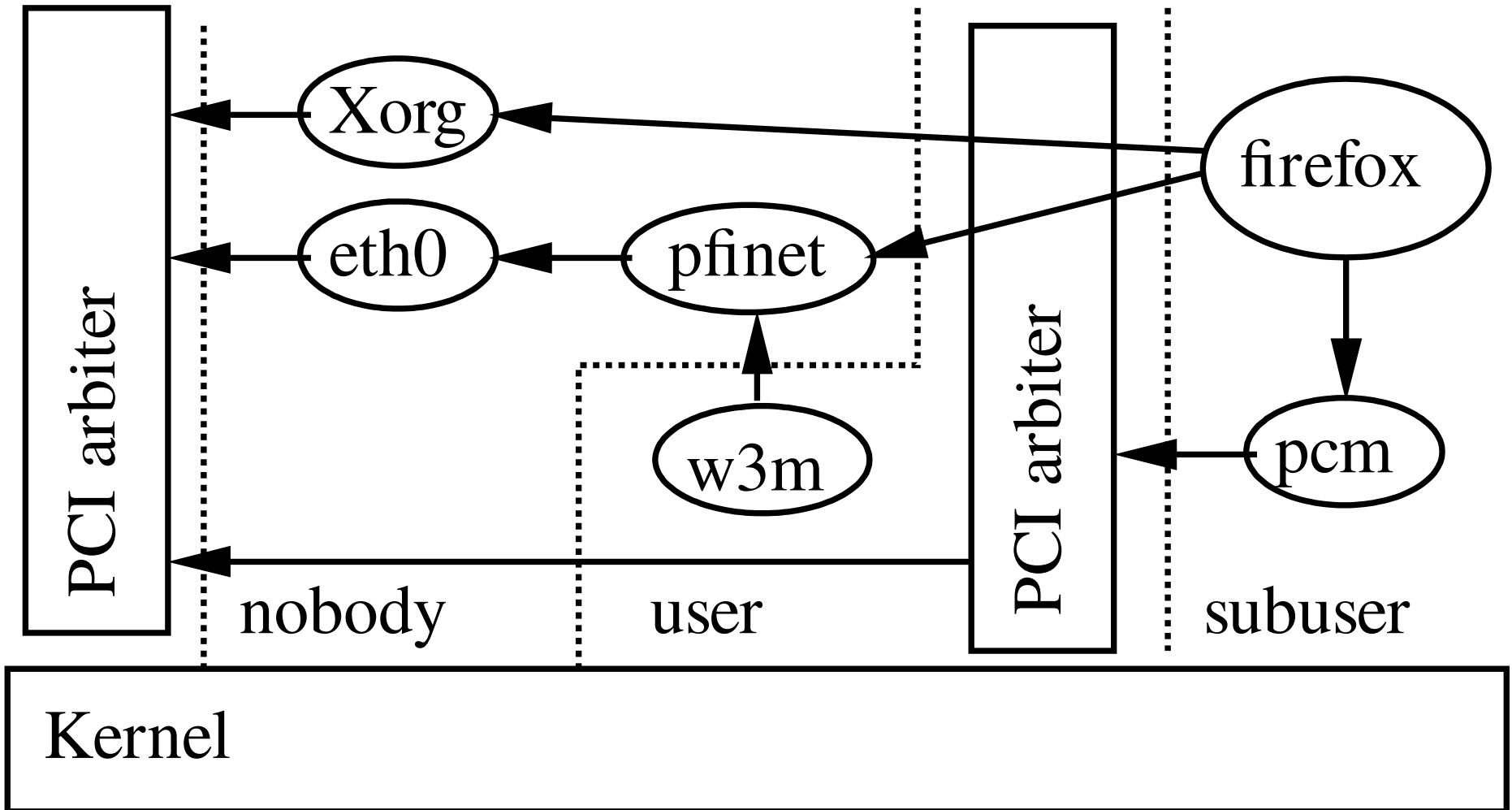
- Just like PCI passthrough with hypervisors

And some cards provide various functions

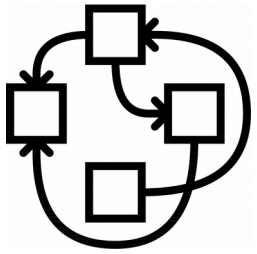
- Give only one access to the card



# Accessing PCI cards as user





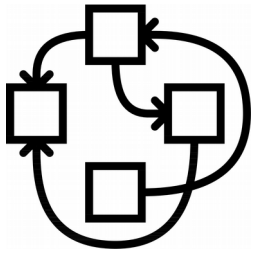


# Current State

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## Hardware support

- i686
- start of 64bit support
  - Kernel boots completely, now missing RPC 32/64bit translation
- DDE Linux 2.6.32 drivers layer for network boards
  - In userland netdde translator!
- IDE, Xorg, ...
- AHCI driver for SATA
- Xen PV domU
  - Required GNU Mach changes only
- Preliminary sound support through userland Rump
- No USB yet

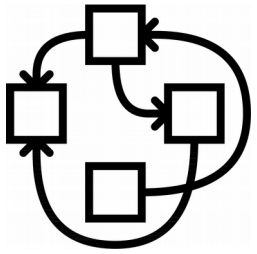


# Current State

---

## Software support

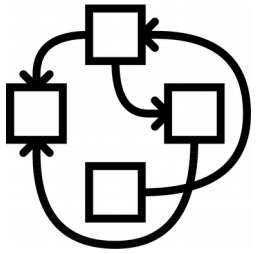
- Quite stable
  - Have not reinstalled boxes for a decade.
  - Debian buildbots keep building packages, no hang after weeks!
- ~80% of Debian archive builds out of tree
  - XFCE, almost gnome, almost KDE
  - Firefox (aka iceweasel), gnumeric, ...
- Standard *native* Debian Installer



# Recent work

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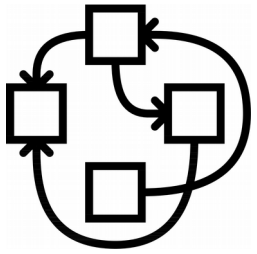
- GNU Guix and GuixSD
  - A pure GNUish GNU/Hurd distro!
  - Proper bootstrap of the Hurd chain
    - Used by Debian GNU/Hurd rebootstrap effort
  - A bit more work to be bootable
- Using xattr for storing translator records
- Various optimizations and stabilization
  - Protected payloads
  - Paging management
  - Message dispatch
  - Gsync  $\sim$  futex, used in glibc & libpthread



## Recent work (2)

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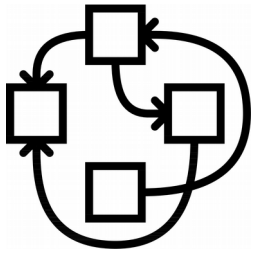
- Highmem support (>4GB mem)
- Unprivileged subhurds
  - Think of containers, but safe to run by users,  
**by construction**
- LwIP TCP/IP stack
- Distributed system (netmsg)



# Releases

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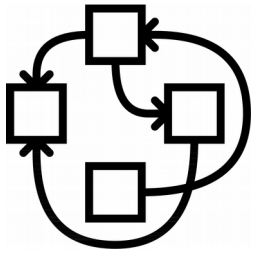
- Nice 0.401 release on April 2011.
- Arch Hurd LiveCD release on August 2011.
- Hurd 0.9, Mach 1.8, MIG 1.8
- Released Debian-unofficial
  - wheezy/sid snapshot CDs on May 2013 \o/
  - jessie/sid snapshot CDs on May 2015 \o/
  - stretch/sid snapshot CDs on June 2017 \o/



# Future work

---

- {sound,usb,disk,net} Rump drivers
- x86\_64 support
- Read-ahead
- Startup in scheme?
- Your own pet project?



# Thanks!

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- For listening
- And to the people working on all this
- <http://hurd.gnu.org/>
- <http://www.debian.org/ports/hurd/>
- <http://people.debian.org/~mbanck/debian-hurd.pdf>
- The increasing irrelevance of IPC performance for microkernel-based Operating Systems

<http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.37.9653&rep=rep1&type=pdf>