USB Cloud Storage Gateway

Intelligent Storage for Stupid Things

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Agenda

- Project Introduction
- Ceph
- USB Storage
- Demo!
- Azure Blob Storage
- Linux I/O Target in Userspace
- Future



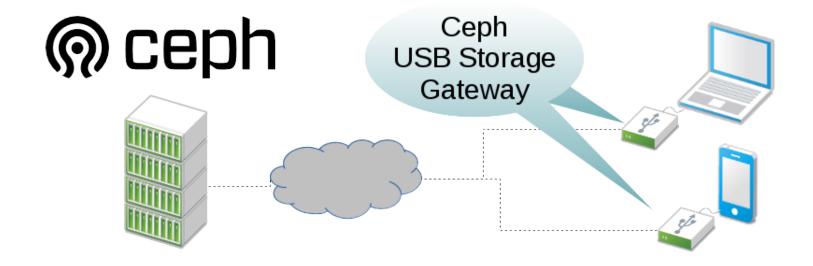
Hack Week

- What to hack on?
 - ARM board gathering dust
 - Learn something new
 - Storage is my day job





Project Idea



Goals

- Access cloud storage from anything
 - Stereos, TVs, Phones, etc.
- Boot from cloud backed disk images
 - Ceph
 - Azure
- Encryption
- Simple device configuration

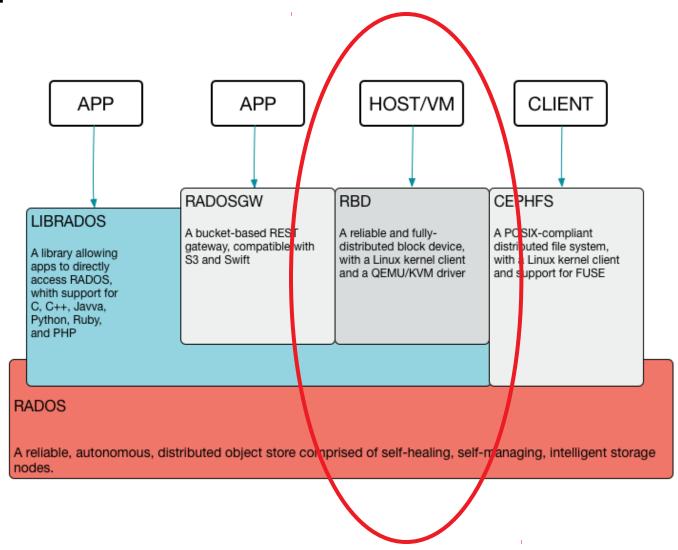


Ceph

- Aggregate, manage and share storage resources
- Highly available
 - No single point of failure
- Self managing and self healing
- Scalable



Ceph



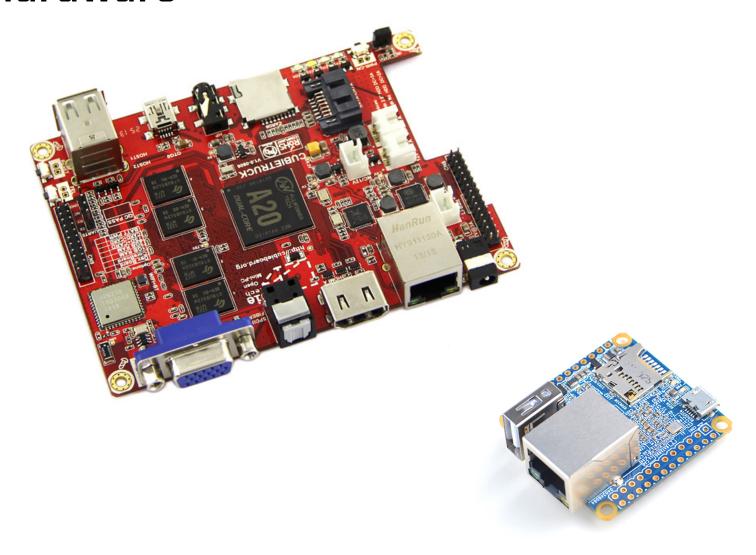
Ceph RADOS Block Device

- Block device backed by RADOS objects
- Thin provisioned
- Resizeable
- Supports snapshots and clones

Linux kernel and user-space clients



Hardware



Hardware

- Mainline kernel support
 - sunxi community
- openSUSE Tumbleweed port
- Relatively performant
 - Multi-core ~1GHz CPU
 - 512MB-2GB RAM
 - USB2 and 100Mb-1Gb Ethernet
- Inexpensive

USB Storage

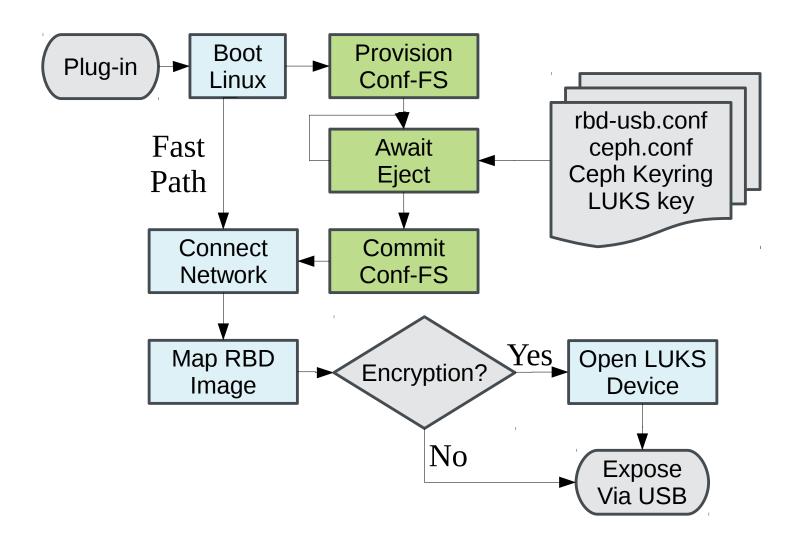
- SCSI transport
 - Bulk-Only transport (BOT)
 - USB Attached SCSI (UAS)
 - Faster: high-speed and super-speed specs
- Linux kernel USB gadget support
 - f_mass_storage.ko
 - f_tcm.ko
 - Support for BOT **and** UAS



USB Gateway

- Linux kernel does everything
 - Ceph RBD client
 - USB device mode support
 - Block device encryption (dm-crypt)
- Only need to handle configuration
 - Ceph credentials and image details
 - dm-crypt key
 - Perform RBD mapping and crypt setup once configured

USB Gateway



Demo!

Azure Blob Storage

- Public cloud storage
 - RESTful protocol
 - Pay for what you use

- Page Blobs and Block Blobs
 - Page Blobs ideal for disk images
 - Sparse object
 - Accept 512-byte aligned I/Os at arbitrary offsets
 - Premium accounts with QoS constraints

Linux I/O Target (LIO)

- In-kernel SCSI target
 - Pluggable transport and storage engine layers
 - Transports: FC, iSCSI, loopback, USB, etc.
 - Storage engines: file, block device, tcm-user (TCMU)

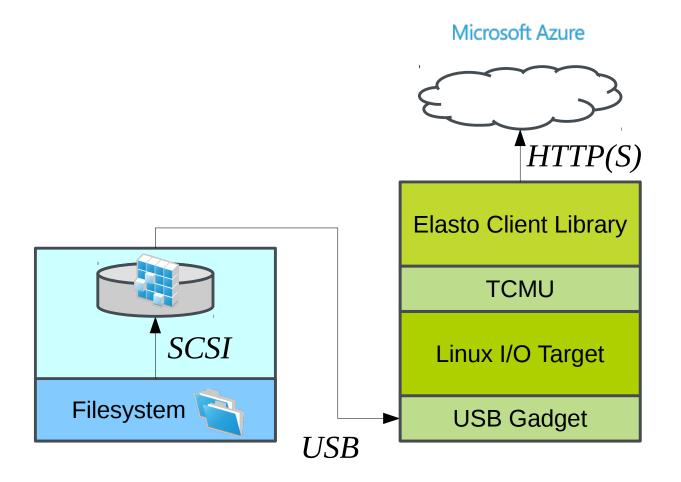
- TCMU
 - LIO storage engine in user-space
 - SCSI pass-through

TCMU with Azure

- Elasto Cloud project
 - Azure Page Blob client written in C
 - Also supports Azure File Service and Amazon S3 protocols
 - POSIX like API

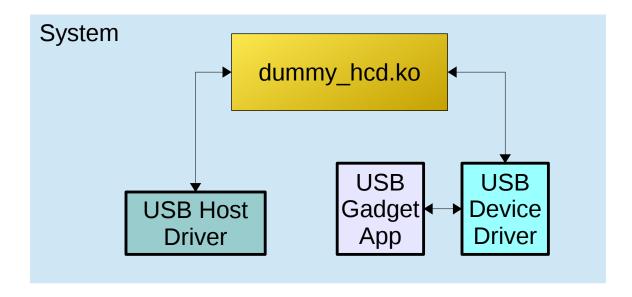
- TCMU Elasto handler
 - Maps SCSI I/O to Azure Page Blob REST requests
 - Page Blobs accessible as regular block devices
 - Via supported LIO transports

Linux I/O Target with Azure





Testing



- dummy_hcd on Linux
 - Re-route USB device traffic back to the local system
 - USB high-speed and super-speed connection simulation

Future Challenges

- Concurrent image access
 - Currently must be manually avoided

- Use locking and snapshots?
 - Snapshot and lock on connect
 - Subsequent connects expose snapshot
 - Reference counting for cleanup

Future Challenges

- Power
 - Battery to reduce reliance on USB supply
- f_tcm
 - Works in VM (loopback) but fails on board
 - Needs super-speed support?
- Caching
 - Utilise on-board NAND



Future Challenges

- Performance
 - Boot time critical
 - Perform fast-path mapping in initramfs
 - USB3+ and GbE/802.11ac
 - Price trade-off
 - Not a priority for "stupid" devices



Conclusion

- Ceph is great
 - Client availability limits adoption
- USB storage is accepted everywhere
 - A USB gateway can expose cloud storage to the masses
 - Gateway encryption makes cloud storage use safer
- Cheap and portable hardware makes this viable
 - Mainline Linux support is a huge benefit

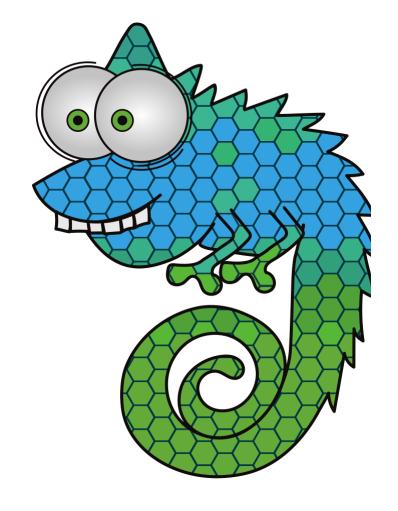
Questions?

Thank you.



Links:

github.com/ddiss/rbd-usb elastocloud.org github.com/open-iscsi/tcmu-runner en.opensuse.org/Portal:ARM linux-sunxi.org



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